MATILDA

CHAPTER 1

It is only four o'clock; but it is winter and the sun has already set: there are no clouds in the clear, frosty sky to reflect its slant beams, but the air itself is tinged with a slight roseate colour which is again reflected on the snow that covers the ground. I live in a lone cottage on a solitary, wide heath: no voice of life reaches me. I see the desolate plain covered with white, save a few black patches that the noonday sun has made at the top of those sharp pointed hillocks from which the snow, sliding as it fell, lay thinner than on the plain ground: a few birds are pecking at the hard ice that covers the pools -- for the frost has been of long continuance.

1 am in a strange state of mind. I am alone -- quite alone -- in the world -- the blight of misfortune has passed over me and withered me; I know that I am about to die and I feel happy -- joyous. -- I feel my pulse; it beats fast: I place my thin hand on my cheek; it burns: there is a slight, quick spirit within me which is now emitting its last sparks. I shall never see the snows of another winter -- I do believe that I shall never again feel the vivifying warmth of another summer sun; and it is in this persuasion that I begin to write my tragic history. Perhaps a history such as mine had better die with me, but a feeling that I cannot define leads me on and I am too weak both in body and mind to resist the slightest impulse. While life was strong within me I thought indeed that there was a sacred horror in my tale that rendered it unfit for utterance, and now about to die I pollute its mystic terrors. It is as the wood of the Eumenides none but the dying may enter; and Oedipus is about to die.1

1What am I writing? I must collect my thoughts. I do not know that any will peruse these pages except you, my friend, who will receive them at my death. I do not address them to you alone because it will give me pleasure to dwell upon our friendship in a way that would be needless if you alone read what I shall write. I shall relate my tale therefore as if I wrote for strangers. You have often asked me the cause of my solitary life; my tears; and above all of my impenetrable and unkind silence. In life I dared not; in death I unveil the mystery. Others will toss these pages lightly over: to you (Woodville) kind, affectionate friend, they will be dear -- the precious memorials of a heart-broken girl who, dying, is still warmed by gratitude towards you: your tears will fall on the words that
record my misfortunes; I know they will — and while I have life I thank you for your sympathy.

But enough of this. I will begin my tale: it is my last task, and I hope I have strength sufficient to fulfil it. I record no crimes; my faults may easily be pardoned; for they proceeded not from evil motive but from want of judgement; and I believe few would say that they could, by a different conduct and superior wisdom, have avoided the misfortunes to which I am the victim. My fate has been governed by necessity, a hideous necessity. It required hands stronger than mine; stronger I do believe than any human force to break the thick, adamantine chain that has bound me, once breathing nothing but joy, ever possessed by a warm love and delight in goodness, — to misery only to be ended, and now about to be ended, in death. But I forget myself; my tale is yet untold. I will pause a few moments, wipe my dim eyes, and endeavour to lose the present obscure but heavy feeling of unhappiness in the more acute emotions of the past.

I was born in England. My father was a man of rank: he had lost his father early, and was educated by a weak mother with all the indulgence she thought due to a nobleman of wealth. He was sent to Eton and afterwards to college; and allowed from childhood the free use of large sums of money; thus enjoying from his earliest youth the independance which a boy with these advantages, always acquires at a public school.

Under the influence of these circumstances his passions found a deep soil wherein they might strike their roots and flourish either as flowers or weeds as was their nature. By being always allowed to act for himself his character became strongly and early marked and exhibited a various surface on which a quick sighted observer might see the seeds of virtues and of misfortunes. His careless extravagance, which made him squander immense sums of money to satisfy passing whims, which from its apparent energy he dignified with the name of passions, often displayed itself in unbounded generosity. Yet while he earnestly occupied himself about the wants of others his own desires were gratified to their fullest extent. He gave his money, but none of his own wishes were sacrificed to his gifts; he gave his time, which he did not value, and his affections which he was happy in any manner to have called into action.

I do not say that if his own desires had been put in competition with those of others that he would have displayed undue selfishness, but this trial was never made. He was nurtured in prosperity and attended by all its advantages; every one loved him and wished to gratify him. He was ever employed in promoting the pleasures of his companions — but their pleasures were his; and if he bestowed more attention upon the feelings of others than is usual with schoolboys it was because his social temper could never enjoy itself if every brow was not as free from care as his own.

While at school, emulation and his own natural abilities made him hold a conspicuous rank in the forms among his equals; at college he discarded books; he believed that he had other lessons to learn than those which they could teach him. He was now to enter into life and he was still young enough to consider study as a school-boy shackle, employed merely to keep the unruly out of mischief but as having no real connexion with life — whose wisdom of riding — gaming etc. he considered with far deeper interest — So he quickly entered into all college follies although his heart was too well moulded to be contaminated by them — it might be light but it was never cold. He was a sincere and sympathizing friend — but he had met with none who superior or equal to himself could aid him in unfolding his mind, or make him seek for fresh stores of thought by exhausting the old ones. He felt himself superior in quickness of judgement to those around him: his talents, his rank and wealth made him the chief of his party, and in that station he rested not only contented but glorying, conceiving it to be the only ambition worthy for him to aim at in the world.

By a strange narrowness of ideas he viewed all the world in connexion only as it was or was not related to his little society. He considered queer and out of fashion all opinions that were exploded by his circle of intimates, and he became at the same time dogmatic and yet fearful of not coinciding with the only sentiments he could consider orthodox. To the generality of spectators he appeared careless of censure, and with high disdain to throw aside all dependance on public prejudices; but at the same time that he strode with a triumphant stride over the rest of the world, he cowered, with self disguised lowliness, to his own party, and although its chief never dared express an opinion or a feeling until he was assured that it would meet with the approbation of his companions.

Yet he had one secret hidden from these dear friends; a secret he had nurtured from his earliest years, and although he loved his fellow collegiates he would not trust it to the delicacy or sympathy of any one among them.

He loved. He feared that the intensity of his passion might become the subject of their ridicule; and he could not bear that they should blaspheme it by considering that trivial and transitory which he felt was the life of his life.

There was a gentleman of small fortune who lived near his family mansion who had three lovely daughters. The eldest was far the most beautiful, but her beauty was only an addition to her other qualities — her understanding was clear and strong and her disposition angelically gentle. She and my father had been playmates from infancy: Diana, even in her childhood had been a favourite with his mother; this partiality increased with the years of this beautiful and lively girl and thus during his school and college vacations they were perpetually together. Novels and all the various methods by which youth in civilized life are led to a knowledge of the existence of passions before they really feel them, had produced a strong effect on him who was so peculiarly susceptible of every impression. At eleven years of age Diana was his favourite playmate but he already talked the language of love. Although she was elder than he by nearly two years the nature of her education made her more childish at least in the knowledge and expression of feeling; she received his warm protestations with
innocence, and returned them unknowing of what they meant. She had read no novels and associated only with her younger sisters, what could she know of the difference between love and friendship? And when the development of her understanding disclosed the true nature of this intercourse to her, her affections were already engaged to her friend, and all she feared was lest other attractions and fickleness might make him break his infant vows.

But they became every day more ardent and tender. It was a passion that had grown with his growth; it had become entwined with every faculty and every sentiment and only to be lost with life. None knew of their love except their own two hearts; yet although in all things else, and even in this he dreaded the censure of his companions, for thus truly loving one inferior to him in fortune, nothing was ever able for a moment to shake his purpose of uniting himself to her as soon as he could muster courage sufficient to meet those difficulties he was determined to surmount.

Diana was fully worthy of his deepest affection. There were few who could boast of so pure a heart, and so much real humbleness of soul joined to a firm reliance on her own integrity and a belief in that of others. She had from her birth lived a retired life. She had lost her mother when very young, but her father had devoted himself to the care of her education—He had many peculiar ideas which influenced the system he had adopted with regard to her—She was well acquainted with the heroes of Greece and Rome or with those of England who had lived some hundred years ago, while she was nearly ignorant of the passing events of the day: she had read few authors who had written during at least the last fifty years but her reading with this exception was very extensive. Thus although she appeared to be less initiated in the mysteries of life and society than her knowledge was of a deeper kind and laid on firmer foundations; and if even her beauty and sweetness had not fascinated him her understanding would ever have held his in thrall. He looked up to her as his guide, and such was his adoration that he delighted to augment to his own mind the sense of inferiority with which she sometimes impressed him.

When he was nineteen his mother died. He left college on this event and shaking off for a while his old friends he retired to the neighbourhood of his Diana and received all his consolation from her sweet voice and dearer caresses. This short separation from his companions gave him courage to assert his dependance. He had a feeling that however they might express ridicule of his intended marriage they would not dare display it when it had taken place; therefore seeking the consent of his guardian which with some difficulty he obtained, and of the father of his mistress which was more easily given, without acquainting any one else of his intention, by the time he had attained his twentieth birthday he had become the husband of Diana.

He loved her with passion and her tenderness had a charm for him that would not permit him to think of aught but her. He invited some of his college friends to see him but their frivolity disgusted him. Diana had torn the veil which had before kept him in his boyhood: he was become a man and he was surprised how he could ever have joined in the cant words and ideas of his fellow collegiates or how for a moment he had feared the censure of such as these. He discarded his old friendships not from fickleness but because they were indeed unworthy of him. Diana filled up all his heart: he felt as if by his union with her he had received a new and better soul. She was his monstress as he learned what were the true ends of life. It was through her beloved lessons that he cast off his old pursuits, and gradually formed himself to become one among his fellow men; a distinguished member of society, a Patriot; and an enlightened lover of truth and virtue. He loved her for her beauty and for her amiable disposition but he seemed to love her more for what he considered her superior wisdom. They studied, they rode together; they were never separate and seldom admitted a third to their society.

Thus my father, born in affluence, and always prosperous, clombe without the difficulty and various disappointments that all human beings seem destined to encounter, to the very topmost pinnacle of happiness: Around him was sunshine, and clouds whose shapes of beauty made the prospect divine concealed from him the barren reality which lay hidden below them. From this dizzy point he was dashed at once as he unwares congratulated himself on his felicity. Fifteen months after their marriage I was born, and my mother died a few days after my birth.

A sister of my father was with him at this period. She was nearly fifteen years older than he, and was the offspring of a former marriage of his father. When the latter died this sister was taken by her maternal relations: they had seldom seen one another, and were quite unlike in disposition. This aunt, to whose care I was afterwards consigned, has often related to me the effect that this catastrophe had on my father's strong and susceptible character. From the moment of my mother's death until his departure she never heard him utter a single word; buried in the deepest melancholy he took no notice of any one; often for hours his eyes streamed tears or a more fearful gloom overpowered him. All outward things seemed to have lost their existence relatively to him and only one circumstance could in any degree recall him from his motionless and mute despair; he would never see me. He seemed insensible to the presence of any one else, but if, as a trial to awaken his sensibility, my aunt brought me into the room he would instantly rush out with every symptom of fury and distraction. At the end of a month he suddenly quitted his house and, unattended by any servant, departed from that part of the country without by word or writing informing any one of his intentions. My aunt was only relieved of her anxiety concerning his fate by a letter from him dated Hamburg.

How often have I wept over that letter which until I was sixteen was the only relic I had to remind me of my parents. 'Pardon me,' it said, 'for the uneasiness I have unavoidably given you: but while in that unhappy island, where every thing breathes her spirit whom I have lost for ever, a spell held me. It is broken: I have quitted England for many years, perhaps for ever.'
But to convince you that selfish feeling does not entirely engross me I shall remain in this town until you have made by letter every arrangement that you judge necessary. When I leave this place do not expect to hear from me: I must break all ties that at present exist. I shall become a wanderer, a miserable outcast — alone! alone! — In another part of the letter he mentioned me — 'As for that unhappy little being whom I could not see, and hardly dare mention, I leave her under your protection. Take care of her and cherish her: one day I may claim her at your hands; but lucidity is dark, make the present happy to her.'

My father remained three months at Hamburg; when he quitted it he changed his name, my aunt could never discover that which he adopted and only by faint hints, could conjecture that he had taken the road of Germany and Hungary to Turkey.

Thus this towering spirit who had excited interest and high expectation in all who knew and could value him became at once, as it were, extinct. He existed from this moment for himself only. His friends remembered him as a brilliant vision which would never again return to them. The memory of what he had been faded away as years passed; and he who before had been as a part of themselves and of their hopes was now no longer counted among the living.

CHAPTER II

I now come to my own story. During the early part of my life there is little to relate, and I will be brief; but I must be allowed to dwell a little on the years of my childhood that it may be apparent how when one hope failed all life was to be a blank, and how when the only affection I was permitted to cherish was blasted my existence was extinguished with it.

I have said that my aunt was very unlike my father. I believe that without the slightest tinge of a bad heart she had the coldest that ever filled a human breast: it was totally incapable of any affection. She took me under her protection because she considered it her duty, but she had too long lived alone and undisturbed by the noise and prattle of children to allow that I should disturb her quiet. She had never been married; and for the last five years had lived perfectly alone on an estate, that had descended to her through her mother on the shores of Loch Lomond in Scotland. My father had expressed a wish in his letters that she should reside with me at his family mansion which was situated in a beautiful country near Richmond in Yorkshire. She would not consent to this proposition, but as soon as she had arranged the affairs which her brother's departure had caused to fall to her care, she quitted England and took me with her to her scotch estate.

The care of me while a baby, and afterwards until I had reached my eighth year devolved on a servant of my mother's, who had accompanied us in our retirement for that purpose. I was placed in a remote part of the house, and only saw my aunt at stated hours. These occurred twice a day; once about noon she came to my nursery, and once after her dinner I was taken to her. She never caressed me, and seemed all the time I stayed in the room to fear that I should annoy her by some childish freak. My good nurse always schooled me with the greatest care before she ventured into the parlour — and the awe my aunt's cold looks and few constrained words inspired was so great that I seldom disgraced her lessons or was betrayed from the exemplary stillness which I was taught to observe during these short visits.

Under my good nurse's care I ran wild about our park and the neighbouring fields. The offspring of the deepest love I displayed from my earliest years the greatest sensibility of disposition. I cannot say with what passion I loved every thing even the inanimate objects that surrounded me. I believe that I bore an individual attachment to every tree in our park; every animal that inhabited it knew me and I loved them. Their occasional deaths filled my infant heart with anguish. I cannot number the birds that I have saved during the long and severe winters of that climate; or the hares and rabbits that I have defended from the attacks of our dogs, or have nursed when accidentally wounded.

When I was seven years of age my nurse left me. I now forget the cause of her departure if indeed I ever knew it. She returned to England, and the bitter tears she shed at parting were the last I saw flow for love of me for many years. My grief was terrible: I had no friend but her in the whole world. By degrees I became reconciled to solitude but no one supplied her place in my affections. I lived in a desolate country where

[quote]
there were none to praise
And very few to love.*
[quote]

It is true that I now saw a little more of my aunt, but she was in every way an unsocial being; and to a timid child she was as a plant beneath a thick covering of ice; I should cut my hands in endeavouring to get at it. So I was entirely thrown upon my own resources. The neighbouring minister was engaged to give me lessons in reading, writing and French, but he was without family and his manners even to me were always perfectly characteristic of the profession in the exercise of whose functions he chiefly shone, that of a schoolmaster. I sometimes strove to form friendships with the most attractive of the girls who inhabited the neighbouring village; but I believe I

* Wordsworth.
should never have succeeded even had not my aunt interposed her authority to prevent all intercourse between me and the peasantry; for she was fearful lest I should acquire the Scotch accent and dialect; a little of it I had, although great pains was taken that my tongue should not disgrace my English origin.

As I grew older my liberty increased with my desires, and my wanderings extended from our park to the neighbouring country. Our house was situated on the shores of the lake and the lawn came down to the water's edge. I rambled amidst the wild scenery of this lovely country and became a complete mountaineer: I passed hours on the steep brow of a mountain that overhung a waterfall; or rowed myself in a little skiff to some one of the islands. I wandered for ever about these lovely solitudes, gathering flower after flower

Ond' era pinta tutta la mia via*

singing as I might the wild melodies of the country, or occupied by pleasant day dreams. My greatest pleasure was the enjoyment of a serene sky amidst these verdant woods; yet I loved all the changes of Nature and rain, and storm, and the beautiful clouds of heaven brought their delights with them. When rocked by the waves of the lake my spirits rose in triumph as a horseman feels with pride the motions of his high fed steed.

But my pleasures arose from the contemplation of nature alone, I had no companion: my warm affections finding no return from any other human heart were forced to run waste on inanimate objects. Sometimes indeed I wept when my aunt received my caresses with repulsive coldness, and when I looked round and found none to love; but I quickly dried my tears. As I grew older books in some degree supplied the place of human intercourse: the library of my aunt was very small; Shakespeare, Milton, Pope and Cowper were the strangely assorted poets of her collection; and among the prose authors a translation of Livy and Rollin's ancient history were my chief favourites although as I emerged from childhood I found others highly interesting which I had before neglected as dull.

When I was twelve years old it occurred to my aunt that I ought to learn music; she herself played upon the harp. It was with great hesitation that she persuaded herself to undertake my instruction; yet believing this accomplishment a necessary part of my education, and balancing the evils of this measure or of having some one in the house to instruct me she submitted to the inconvenience. A harp was sent for that my playing might not interfere with hers, and I began: she found me a docile and when I had conquered the first rudiments a very apt scholar. I had acquired in my harp a companion in rainy days; a sweet soother of my feelings when any untoward accident ruffled them: I often addressed it as my only friend; I could pour forth to it

my hopes and loves, and I fancied that its sweet accents answered me. I have now mentioned all my studies.

I was a solitary being, and from my infant years, ever since my dear nurse left me, I had been a dreamer. I brought Rosalind and Miranda and the lady of Comus to life to be my companions, or on my isle acted over their parts imagining myself to be in their situations. Then I wandered from the fancies of others and formed affections and intimacies with the aerial creations of my own brain — but still clinging to reality I gave a name to these conceits and nursed them in the hope of realization. I clung to the memory of my parents; my mother I should never see, she was dead: but the idea of my unhappy, wandering father was the sole of my imagination. I bestowed on him all my affections; there was a miniature of him that I gazed on continually; I copied his last letter and read it again and again. Sometimes it made me weep; and at other times I repeated with transport those words, — 'One day I may claim her at your hands.' I was to be his consoled, his companion in after years. My favourite vision was that when I grew up I would leave my aunt, whose coldness lulled my conscience, and disguised like a boy I would seek my father through the world. My imagination hung upon the scene of recognition; his miniature, which I should continually wear exposed on my breast, would be the means and I imagined the moment to my mind a thousand and a thousand times, perpetually varying the circumstances. Sometimes it would be in a desert; in a populous city; at a ball; we should perhaps meet in a vessel; and his first words constantly were, 'My daughter, I love thee!' What ecstatic moments have I passed in these dreams! How many tears I have shed; how often have I laughed aloud.

This was my life for sixteen years. At fourteen and fifteen I often thought that the time was come when I should commence my pilgrimage, which I had cheated my own mind into believing was my imperative duty; but a reluctance to quit my Aunt; a remorse for the grief which, I could not conceal from myself, I should occasion her for ever withheld me. Sometimes when I had planned the next morning for my escape a word of more than usual affection from her lips made me postpone my resolution. I reproached myself bitterly for what I called a culpable weakness; but this weakness returned upon me whenever the critical moment approached, and I never found courage to depart.

* Danja;
CHAPTER III

It was on my sixteenth birthday that my aunt received a letter from my father. I cannot describe the tumult of emotions that arose within me as I read it. It was dated from London; he had returned! I could only relive my transports by tears, tears of unmingled joy. He had returned, and he wrote to know whether my aunt would come to London or whether he should visit her in Scotland. How delicious to me were the words of his letter that concerned me: ‘I cannot tell you,’ it said, ‘how ardently I desire to see my Matilda. I look on her as the creature who will form the happiness of my future life: she is all that exists on earth that interests me. I can hardly prevent myself from hastening immediately to you but I am necessarily detained a week and I write because if you come here I may see you somewhat sooner.’ I read these words with devouring eyes; I kissed them, wept over them and exclaimed, ‘He will love me!’

My aunt would not undertake so long a journey, and in a fortnight we had another letter from my father, it was dated Edinburgh: he wrote that he should be with us in three days. ‘As he approached his desire of seeing me,’ he said, ‘became more and more ardent, and he felt that the moment when he should first clasp me in his arms would be the happiest of his life.’

How irksome were these three days to me! All sleep and appetite fled from me; I could only read and re-read his letter, and in the solitude of the woods imagine the moment of our meeting. On the eve of the third day I retired early to my room; I could not sleep but paced all night about my chamber and, as you may in Scotland at midsummer, watched the crimson track of the sun as it almost skirted the northern horizon. At day break I hastened to the woods; the hours past on while I indulged in wild dreams that gave wings to the slothful steps of time, and beguiled my eager impatience. My father was expected at noon but when I wished to return to meet him I found that I had lost my way: it seemed that in every attempt to find it I only became more involved in the intricacies of the woods, and the trees hid all trace by which I might be guided. I grew impatient, I wept; and wrung my hands but still I could not discover my path.

It was past two o’clock when by a sudden turn I found myself close to the lake near a cove where a little skiff was moored – it was not far from our house and I saw my father and aunt walking on the lawn. I jumped into the boat, and well accustomed to such feats, I pushed it from the shore, and exerted all my strength to row swiftly across. As I came, dressed in white, covered only by my tartan ruchan,* my hair streaming on my shoulders, and shooting across with greater speed than it could be supposed I could give to my boat, my father had often told me that I looked more like a spirit than a human maid. I approached the shore, my father held the boat, I leapt lightly out, and in a moment was in his arms.

And now I began to live. All around me was changed from a dull uniformity to the brightest scene of joy and delight. The happiness I enjoyed in the company of my father far exceeded my sanguine expectations. We were for ever together, and the subjects of our conversations were inexhaustible. He had passed the sixteen years of absence among nations nearly unknown to Europe, he had wandered through Persia, Arabia and the north of India and had penetrated among the habitations of the natives with a freedom permitted to few Europeans. His relations of manners, his anecdotes and descriptions of scenery whiled away desirable hours, when we were tired of talking of our own plans of future life.

The voice of affection was so new to me that I hung with delight upon words when he told me what he had felt concerning me during these long years of apparent forgetfulness. ‘At first’ – said he, ‘I could not bear to think of my poor little girl; but afterwards as grief wore off and hope again revisited me I could only turn to her, and amidst cities and deserts her little fairy form, such as I imagined it, for ever flitted before me. The northern breeze as it refreshed me was sweeter and more balmy for it seemed to carry some of your spirit along with it. I often thought that I would instantly return and take you along with me to some fertile island where we should live at peace for ever. As I returned my fervent hopes were dashed by so many fears; my impatience became in the highest degree painful. I dared not think that the sun should shine and the moon rise not on your living form but on your grave. But, no, it is not so; I have my Matilda, my consolation, and my hope.’

My father was very little changed from what he described himself to be before his misfortunes. It is intercourse with civilized society; it is the disappointment of cherished hopes, the falsehood of friends, or the perpetual clash of mean passions that changes the heart and damps the ardour of youthful feelings; lonely wanderings in a wild country among people of simple or savage manners may inure the body but will not tame the soul, or extinguish the ardour and freshness of feeling incident to youth. The burning sun of India, and the freedom from all restraint had rather increased the energy of his character: before he bowed under, now he was impatient of any censure except that of his own mind. He had seen so many customs and witnessed so great a variety of moral creeds that he had been obliged to form an independant one for himself which had no relation to the peculiar notions of any one country: his early prejudices of course influenced his judgement in the formation of his principles, and some raw college ideas were strangely mingled with the deepest deductions of his penetrating mind.

The vacuity his heart endured of any deep interest in life during his long
absence from his native country had a singular effect upon his ideas. There was a curious feeling of unreality attached by him to his foreign life in comparison with the years of his youth. All the time he passed out of England was as a dream, and all the interest of his soul, all his affections belonged to events which had happened and persons who had existed sixteen years before. It was strange when you heard him talk to see how he passed over this lapse of time as a night of visions; while the remembrances of his youth standing separate as they did from his after life had lost none of their vigour. He talked of my Mother as if she had lived but a few weeks before; not that he expressed poignant grief, but his description of her person, and his relation of all anecdotes connected with her was thus fervent and vivid.

In all this there was a strangeness that attracted and enchanted me. He was, as it were, now awakened from his long, visionary sleep, and he felt some what like one of the seven sleepers, or like Nourjahad, in that sweet imitation of an eastern tale: Diana was gone; his friends were changed or dead, and now on his awakening I was all that he had to love on earth.

How dear to me were the waters, and mountains, and woods of Loch Lomond now that I had so beloved a companion for my rambles. I visited with my father every delightful spot, either on the islands, or by the side of the tree-sheltered waterfalls; every shady path, or dingle entangled with underwood and fern. My ideas were enlarged by his conversation. I felt as if I were recreated and had about me all the freshness and life of a new being; I was, as it were, transported since his arrival from a narrow spot of earth into a universe boundless to the imagination and the understanding. My life had been before as a pleasing country rill, never destined to leave its native fields, but when its task was fulfilled quietly to be absorbed, and leave no trace. Now it seemed to me to be as a various river flowing through a fertile and lovely landscape, ever changing and ever beautiful. Alas! I knew not the desert it was about to reach; the rocks that would tear its waters, and the hideous scene that would be reflected in a more distorted manner in its waves. Life was then brilliant; I began to learn to hope and what brings a more bitter despair to the heart than hope destroyed?

Is it not strange that grief should quickly follow so divine a happiness? I drank of an enchanted cup but gall was at the bottom of its long drawn sweetness. My heart was full of deep affection, but it was calm from its very depth and fulness. I had no idea that misery could arise from joy, and this lesson that all at last must learn was taught me in a manner few are obliged to receive it. I lament now, I must ever lament, those few short months of Paradisal bliss; I disobeyed no command, I ate no apple, and yet I was ruthlessly driven from it. Alas! my companion did, and I was precipitated in his fall. But I wander from my relation—let woe come at its appointed time; I may at this stage of my story still talk of happiness.

Three months passed away in this delightful intercourse, when my aunt fell ill. I passed a whole month in her chamber nursing her, but her disease was mortal and she died, leaving me for some time insensible. Death is so dreadful to the living; the chains of habit are so strong even when affection does not link them that the heart must be agonized when they break. But my father was beside me to console me and to drive away bitter memories by bright hopes: methought that it was sweet to grieve that he might dry my tears.

Then again he distracted my thoughts from my sorrow by comparing it with his despair when he lost my mother. Even at that time I shuddered at the picture he drew of his passions. He had the imagination of a poet, and when he described the whirlwind that then tore his feelings he gave his words the impress of life so vividly that I believed while I trembled. I wondered how he could ever again have entered into the offices of life after his wild thoughts seemed to have given him affinity with the unearthly; while he spoke so tremendous were the ideas which he conveyed that it appeared as if the human heart were far too bound for their conception. His feelings seemed better fitted for a spirit whose habitation is the earthquake and the volcano than for one confined to a mortal body and human lineaments. But these were merely memories; he was changed since then. He was now all love, all softness: and when I raised my eyes in wonder at him as he spoke the smile on his lips told me that his heart was possessed by the gentlest passions.

Two months after my aunt's death we removed to London where I was led by my father to attend to deeper studies than had before occupied me. My improvement was his delight; he was with me during all my studies and assisted or joined with me in every lesson. We saw a great deal of society, and no day passed that my father did not endeavour to embellish by some new enjoyment. The tender attachment that he bore me, and the love and veneration with which I returned it cast a charm over every moment. The hours were slow for each minute was employed; we lived more in one week than many do in the course of several months and the variety and novelty of our pleasures gave zest to each.

We perpetually made excursions together. And whether it were to visit beautiful scenery, or to see fine pictures, or sometimes for no object but to seek amusement as it might chance to arise, I was always happy when near my father. It was a subject of regret to me whenever we were joined by a third person, yet if I turned with a disturbed look towards my father, his eyes fixed on me and beaming with tenderness instantly restored joy to my heart. O, hours of intense delight! Short as ye were ye are made as long to me as a whole life when looked back upon through the mist of grief that rose immediately after as if to shut ye from my view. Alas! ye were the last of happiness that I ever enjoyed; a few, a very few weeks and all was destroyed. Like Psyche I lived for awhile in an enchanted palace, amidst odours, and music, and every luxurious delight; when suddenly I was left on a barren rock; a wide ocean of despair rolled around me; above all was black, and my eyes closed while I still inhabited a universal death. Still I
would not hurry on; I would pause for ever on the recollections of these happy weeks; I would repeat every word, and how many do I remember, record every enchantment of the fairy habitation. But, no, my tale must not pause; it must be as rapid as was my fate,—I can only describe in short although strong expressions my precipitate and irremediable change from happiness to despair.

CHAPTER IV

Among our most assiduous visitors was a young man of rank, well informed, and agreeable in his person. After we had spent a few weeks in London his attentions towards me became marked and his visits more frequent. I was too much taken up by my own occupations and feelings to attend much to this, and then indeed I hardly noticed more than the bare surface of events as they passed around me; but I now remember that my father was restless and uneasy whenever this person visited us, and when we talked together watched us with the greatest apparent anxiety although he himself maintained a profound silence. At length these obnoxious visits suddenly ceased altogether, but from that moment I must date the change of my father: a change that to remember makes me shudder and then filled me with the deepest grief. There were no degrees which could break my fall from happiness to misery; it was as the stroke of lightning—sudden and entire. Alas! I now met frowns where before I had been welcomed only with smiles: he, my beloved father, shunned me, and either treated me with harshness or a more heart-breaking coldness. We took no more sweet counsel together; and when I tried to win him again to me, his anger, and the terrible emotions that he exhibited drove me to silence and tears.

And this was sudden. The day before we had passed alone together in the country; I remember we had talked of future travels that we should undertake together. There was an eager delight in our tones and gestures that could only spring from deep and mutual love joined to the most unrestrained confidence; and now the next day, the next hour, I saw his brows contracted, his eyes fixed in sullen fierceness on the ground, and his voice so gentle and so dear made me shiver when he addressed me. Often, when my wandering fancy brought by its various images now consolation and now aggravation of grief to my heart, I have compared myself to Proserpine who was gaily and heedlessly gathering flowers on the sweet plain of Enna, when the King of Hell snatched her away to the abodes of death and misery. Alas! I who so lately knew of nought but the joy of life, who had slept only to dream sweet dreams and awoke to incomparable happiness, I now passed my days and nights in tears. I who sought and had found joy in the love-breathing countenance of my father now when I dared fix on him a suppliant look it was ever answered by an angry frown. I dared not speak to him; and when sometimes I had worked up courage to meet him and to ask an explanation one glance at his face where a chaos of mighty passion seemed for ever struggling made me tremble and shirk to silence. I was dashed down from heaven to earth as a silly sparrow when pounced on by a hawk; my eyes swam and my head was bewildered by the sudden apparition of grief. Day after day passed marked only by my complaints and my tears; often I lifted my soul in vain prayer for a softer descent from joy to woe, or if that were denied me that I might be allowed to die, and fade for ever under the cruel blast that swept over me,

—For what should I do here,
Like a decaying flower, still withering
Under his bitter words, whose kindly heat
Should give my poor heart life?

Sometimes I said to myself, this is an enchantment, and I must strive against it. My father is blinded by some malignant vision which I must remove. And then, like David, I would try music to win the evil spirit from him; and once while singing I lifted my eyes towards him and saw his fixed on me and filled with tears; all his muscles seemed relaxed to softness. I sprang towards him with a cry of joy and would have thrown myself into his arms, but he pushed me roughly from him and left me. And even from this slight incident he contracted fresh gloom and an additional severity of manner.

There are many incidents that I might relate which showed the diseased yet incomprehensible state of his mind; but I will mention one that occurred while we were in company with several other persons. On this occasion I chanced to say that I thought Myrrha the best of Alciati's tragedies; as I said this I chanced to cast my eyes on my father and met his: for the first time the expression of those beloved eyes displeased me, and I saw with affright that his whole frame shook with some concealed emotion that in spite of his efforts half conquered him: as this tempest faded from his soul he became melancholy and silent. Every day some new scene occurred and displayed in him a mind working as it were with an unknown horror that now he could master but which at times threatened to overturn his reason, and to throw the bright seat of his intelligence into a perpetual chaos.

I will not dwell longer than I need on these disastrous circumstances. I might waste days in describing how anxiously I watched every change of fleeting circumstance that promised better days, and with what despair I found that each effort of mine aggravated his seeming madness. To tell all

* Fletcher's comedy of the Captain.
my grief I might as well attempt to count the tears that have fallen from these eyes, or every sign that has torn my heart. I will be brief for there is in all this a horror that will not bear many words, and I sink almost a second time to death while I recall these sad scenes to my memory. Oh, my beloved father! Indeed you made me miserable beyond all words, but how truly did I even then forgive you, and how entirely did you possess my whole heart while I endeavoured, as a rainbow gleams upon a cataract, to soften thy tremendous sorrows.\(^\text{13}\)

Thus did this change come about. I seem perhaps to have dashed too suddenly into the description, but thus suddenly did it happen. In one sentence I have passed from the idea of unspeakable happiness to that of unspeakable grief but they were thus closely linked together. We had remained five months in London three of joy and two of sorrow. My father and I were now seldom alone or if we were he generally kept silence with his eyes fixed on the ground — the dark full orbs in which before I delighted to read all sweet and gentle feeling shadowed from my sight by their lids and the long lashes that fringed them. When we were in company he affected gaiety but I wept to hear his hollow laugh — begun by an empty smile and often ending in a bitter sneer such as never before this fatal period had wrinkled his lips. When others were there he often spoke to me and his eyes perpetually followed my slightest motion. His accents whenever he addressed me were cold and constrained although his voice would tremble when he perceived that my full heart choked the answer to words proffered with a mien yet new to me.

But days of peaceful melancholy were of rare occurrence: they were often broken in upon by gusts of passion that drove me as a weak boat on a stormy sea to seek a cove for shelter; but the winds blew from my native harbour and I was cast far, far out until shattered I perished when the tempest had passed and the sea was apparently calm. I do not know that I can describe his emotions: sometimes he only betrayed them by a word or gesture, and then retired to his chamber and I crept as near as I dared and listened with fear to every sound, yet still more dreading a sudden silence — dreading I knew not what, but ever full of fear.

It was after one tremendous day when his eyes had glared on me like lightning — and his voice sharp and broken seemed unable to express the extent of his emotion that in the evening when I was alone he joined me with a calm countenance, and not noticing my tears which I quickly dried when he approached, told me that in three days\(^\text{14}\) he intended to remove with me to his estate in Yorkshire, and bidding me prepare left me hastily as if afraid of being questioned.

This determination on his part indeed surprised me. This estate was that which he had inhabited in childhood and near which my mother resided while a girl; this was the scene of their youthful loves and where they had

\(^\text{13}\) Lord Byron.

\(^\text{14}\) He was only 18 years old.

lived after their marriage; in happier days my father had often told me that however he might appear weaned from his widow sorrow, and free from bitter recollections elsewhere, yet he would never dare visit the spot where he had enjoyed her society or trust himself to see the rooms that so many years ago they had inhabited together; her favourite walks and the gardens the flowers of which she had delighted to cultivate. And now while he suffered intense misery he determined to plunge into still more intense, and strive for greater emotion than that which already tore him. I was perplexed, and most anxious to know what this portended; ah, what could it portend but ruin!

I saw little of my father during this interval, but he appeared calmer although not less unhappy than before. On the morning of the third day he informed me that he had determined to go to Yorkshire first alone, and that I should follow him in a fortnight unless I heard anything from him in the mean time that should contradict this command. He departed the same day, and four days afterwards I received a letter from his steward telling me in his name to join him with as little delay as possible. After travelling day and night I arrived with an anxious, yet a hoping heart, for why should he send for me if it were only to avoid me and to treat me with the apparent aversion that he had in London. I met him at the distance of thirty miles from our mansion. His demeanour was sad; for a moment he appeared glad to see me and then he checked himself as if unwilling to betray his feelings. He was silent during our ride, yet his manner was kinder than before and I thought I beheld a softness in his eyes that gave me hope.

When we arrived, after a little rest, he led me over the house and pointed out to me the rooms which my mother had inhabited. Although more than sixteen years had passed since her death nothing had been changed; her work box, her writing desk were still there and in her room a book lay open on the table as she had left it. My father pointed out these circumstances with a serious and unaltered mien, only now and then fixing his deep and liquid eyes upon me; there was something strange and awful in his look that overcame me, and in spite of myself I wept, nor did he attempt to console me, but I saw his lips quiver and the muscles of his countenance seemed convulsed.

We walked together in the gardens and in the evening when I would have retired he asked me to stay and read to him; and first said, 'When I was last here your mother read Dante to me; you shall go on where she left off.' And then in a moment he said, 'No, that must not be; you must not read Dante. Do you choose a book.' I took up Spencer and read the descent of Sir Gyanon to the halls of Avarice,\(^\text{15}\) while he listened his eyes fixed on me in sad profound silence.

I heard the next morning from the steward that upon his arrival he had been in a most terrible state of mind: he had passed the first night in the garden lying on the damp grass; he did not sleep but groaned perpetually. 'Alas!' said the old man, who gave me this account with tears in his eyes, 'it
wrigs my heart to see my lord in this state: when I heard that he was coming down here with you, my young lady, I thought we should have the happy days over again that we enjoyed during the short life of my lady your mother — But that would be too much happiness for us poor creatures born to tears — and that was why she was taken from us so soon; she was too beautiful and good for us. It was a happy day as we all thought it when my lord married her: I knew her when she was a child and many a good turn has she done for me in my old lady's time — You are like her although there is more of my lord in you — But has he been thus ever since his return? All my joy turned to sorrow when I first beheld him with that melancholy countenance enter these doors as it were the day after my lady's funeral — He seemed to recover himself a little after he had bidden me write to you — but still it is a woeful thing to see him so unhappy.' These were the feelings of an old, faithful servant: what must be those of an affectionate daughter. Alas! Even then my heart was almost broken.

We spent two months together in this house. My father spent the greater part of his time with me; he accompanied me in my walks, listened to my music, and learnt over me as I read or painted. When he conversed with me his manner was cold and constrained; his eyes only seemed to speak, and as he turned their black, full lustre towards me they expressed a living sadness. There was something in those dark deep orbs so liquid, and intense that even in happiness I could never meet their full gaze that mine did not overflow. Yet it was with sweet tears; now there was a depth of affliction in their gentle appeal that rent my heart with sympathy; they seemed to desire peace for me; for himself a heart patient to suffer, a craving for sympathy, yet a perpetual self denial. It was only when he was absent from me that his passion subdued him, — that he clinched his hands — knit his brows — and with haggard looks called for death to his despair, raving wildly, until exhausted he sank down nor was revived until I joined him.

While we were in London there was a harshness and sullenness in his sorrow which had now entirely disappeared. There I shrank and fled from him, now I only wished to be with him that I might soothe him to peace. When he was silent I tried to divert him, and when sometimes I stole to him during the energy of his passion I wept but did not desire to leave him. Yet he suffered fearful agony; during the day he was more calm, but at night when I could not be with him he seemed to give the reins to his grief: he often passed his nights either on the floor in my mother's room, or in the garden; and when in the morning he saw me view with poignant grief his exhausted frame, and his person languid almost to death with watching he wept; but during all this time he spoke no word by which I might guess the cause of his unhappiness. If I ventured to enquire he would either leave me or press his finger on his lips, and with a deprecating look that I could not resist, turn away. If I wept he would go on me in silence but he was no longer harsh and although he repulsed every caress yet it was with gentle-

He seemed to cherish a mild grief and softer emotions although sal as a relief from despair — He contrived in many ways to nurse his melancholy as an antidote to wilder passion. He perpetually frequented the walks that had been favourites with him when he and my mother wandered together talking of love and happiness; he collected every relic that remained of her and always sat opposite her picture which hung in the room fixing on it a look of sad despair — and all this was done in a mystic and awful silence. If his passion subdued him he locked himself in his room; and at night when he wandered restless about the house, it was when every other creature slept.

It may easily be imagined that I wearied myself with conjecture to guess the cause of his sorrow. The solution that seemed to me the most probable was that during his residence in London he had fallen in love with some unworthy person, and that his passion mastered him although he would not gratify it: he loved me too well to sacrifice me to this inclination, and that he had now visited his house that by revising the memory of my mother whom he so passionately adored he might weaken the present impression. This was possible; but it was a mere conjecture unfounded on any fact. Could there be guilt in it? He was too upright and noble to do aught that his conscience would not approve; I did not yet know of the crime there may be in involuntary feeling and therefore ascribed his tumultuous starts and gloomy looks wholly to the struggles of his mind and not any as they were partly due to the worst fiend of all — Remorse.

But still do I flatter myself that this would have passed away. His paroxysms of passions were terrific but his soul bore him through them triumphant, though almost destroyed by victory; but the day would finally have been won had not I, foolish and presumptuous wretch! hurried him on until there was no recall, no hope. My rashness gave the victory in this dreadful fight to the enemy who triumphed over him as he lay fallen and vanquished. If I alone was the cause of his defeat and justly did I pay the fearful penalty. I said to myself, let him receive sympathy and these struggles will cease. Let him confide his misery to another heart and half the weight of it will be lightened. I will win him to me; he shall not deny his grief to me and when I know his secret then will I pour a balm into his soul and again I shall enjoy the ravishing delight of beholding his smile, and of again seeing his eyes beam if not with pleasure at least with gentle love and thankfulness. This will I do, I said. Half I accomplished; I gained his secret and we were both lost for ever.
CHAPTER V

Nearly a year had passed since my father's return, and the seasons had almost finished their round. It was now the end of May; the woods were clothed in their freshest verdure, and the sweet smell of the new mown grass was in the fields. I thought that the balmy air and the lovely face of Nature might aid me in inspiring him with mild sensations, and give him gentle feelings of peace and love preparatory to the confidence I determined to win from him.

I chose therefore the evening of one of these days for my attempt. I invited him to walk with me, and led him to a neighbouring wood of beech trees whose light shade shielded us from the slant and dazzling beams of the descending sun. After walking for some time in silence I seated myself with him on a mossy hillock. It is strange but even now I seem to see the spot; the slim and smooth trunks were many of them wound round by ivy whose shining leaves of the darkest green contrasted with the white bark and the light leaves of the young sprouts of beech that grew from their parent trunks; the short grass was mingled with moss and was partly covered by the dead grass of the last autumn that driven by the winds had here and there collected in little hillocks there were a few moss grown stumps about. The leaves were gently moved by the breeze and through their green canopy you could see the bright blue sky As evening came on the distant trunks were reddened by the sun and the wind died entirely away while a few birds flew past us to their evening rest.

Well it was here we sat together, and when you hear all that past — all that of terrible horror of our souls even in this placid spot, which but for strange passions might have been a paradise to us, you will not wonder that I remember it as I looked on it that its calm might give me calm, and inspire me not only with courage but with persuasive words. I saw all these things and in a vacant manner noted them in my mind while I endeavoured to arrange my thoughts in fitting order for my attempt. My heart beat fast as I worked myself up to speak to him, for I was determined not to be repulsed but I trembled to imagine what effect my words might have on him; at length, with much hesitation I began:

"Your kindness to me, my dearest father, and the affection — the excessive affection — that you had for me when you first returned will I hope excuse me in your eyes that I dare speak to you, although with the tender affection of a daughter, yet also with the freedom of a friend and equal. But pardon me, I entreat you and listen to me: do not turn away from me; do not be impatient; you may easily intimidate me into silence, but my heart is bursting, nor can I willingly consent to endure for one moment longer the agony of uncertainty which for the last four months has been my portion.

"Listen to me, dearest friend, and permit me to gain your confidence. Are the happy days of mutual love which have passed to be to me as a dream, never to return? Alas! You have a secret grief that destroys us both: but you must permit me to win this secret from you. Tell me, can I do nothing? You well know that on the whole earth there is no sacrifice that I would not make, no labour that I would not undergo with the mere hope that I might bring you ease. But if no endeavour on my part can contribute to your happiness, let me at least know your sorrow, and surely my earnest love and deep sympathy must soothe your despair.

"I fear that I speak in a constrained manner: my heart is overflowing with the ardent desire I have of bringing calm once more to your thoughts and looks; but I fear to aggravate your grief, or to raise that in you which is death to me, anger and distaste. Do not then continue to fix your eyes on me: raise them on me for I can read your soul in them: speak to me, and pardon my presumption. Alas! I am a most unhappy creature!"

I was breathless with emotion, and I paused fixing my earnest eyes on my father, after I had dashed away the intrusive tears that dimmed them. He did not raise his, but after a short silence he replied to me in a low voice:

"You are indeed presumptuous, Matilda, presumptuous and very rash. In the heart of one like me there are secret thoughts working, and secret tortures which you ought not to seek to discover. I cannot tell you how it adds to my grief to know that I am the cause of uneasiness to you; but this will pass away, and I hope that soon we shall be as we were a few months ago. Restrain your impatience or you may mar what you attempt to alleviate. Do not again speak to me in this strain; but wait in submissive patience the event of what is passing around you."

"Oh, yes!" I passionately replied, "I will be very patient; I will not be rash or presumptuous: I will see the agonies, and tears, and despair of my father, my only friend, my hope, my shelter, I will see it all with folded arms and downcast eyes. You do not treat me with censure; it is not true what you say; this will not soon pass away, it will last forever if you deign not to speak to me; to admit my consolations.

"Dearest, dearest father, pity me and pardon me: I entreat you do not drive me to despair; indeed I must not be repulsed; there is one thing that although it may torture me to know, yet that you must tell me. I demand, and most solemnly I demand if in any way I am the cause of your unhappiness. Do you not see my tears which I vainly strive against? You hear unmoved my voice broken by sobs. Feel how my hand trembles: my whole heart is in the words I speak and you must not endeavour to silence me by mere words barren of meaning: the agony of my doubt hurries me on, and you must reply. I beseech you; by your former love for me now lost, I adjure you to answer that one question. Am I the cause of your grief?"
He raised his eyes from the ground, but still turning them away from me, said: 'Besought by that plea I will answer your rash question. Yes, you are the sole, the agonizing cause of all I suffer, of all I must suffer until I die. Now, beware! Be silent! Do not urge me to your destruction. I am struck by the storm, rooted up, laid waste: but you can stand against it; you are young and your passions are at peace. One word I might speak and then you would be implicated in my destruction; yet that word is hovering on my lips. Oh! There is a fearful chasm; but I adjure you to beware!'

'Ah, dearest friend!' I cried, 'do not fear! Speak that word; it will bring peace, not death. If there is a chasm our mutual love will give us wings to pass it, and we shall find flowers, and verdure, and delight on the other side,' I threw myself at his feet, and took his hand, 'Yes, speak, and we shall be happy; there will no longer be doubt, no dreadful uncertainty; trust me, my affection will soothe your sorrow; speak that word and all danger will be past, and we shall love each other as before, and for ever.'

He snatched his hand from me, and rose in violent disorder: 'What do you mean? You know not what you mean. Why do you bring me out, and torture me, and tempt me, and kill me — Much happier would it be for you and for me if in your frantic curiosity you tore my heart from my breast and tried to read its secrets in it as its life's blood was dropping from it. Thus you may console me by reducing me to nothing — but your words I cannot bear; soon they will make me mad, quite mad, and then I shall utter strange words, and you will believe them, and we shall be both lost for ever. I tell you I am on the verge of insanity; why, cruel girl, do you drive me on: you will repent and I shall die.'

When I repeat his words I wonder at my pertinacious folly; I hardly know what feelings irresistibly impelled me. I believe it was that coming with a determination not to be repulsed I went right forward to my object without well weighing his replies: I was led by passion and drew him with frantic heedlessness into the abyss that he so fearfully avoided — I replied to his terrific words: You fill me with affright it is true, dearest father, but you only confirm my resolution to put an end to this state of doubt. I will not be put off thus: do you think that I can live thus fearfully from day to day — the sword in my bosom yet kept from its mortal wound by a hair — a word! — I demand that dreadful word; though it be as a flash of lightning to destroy me, speak it.

'Alas! Alas! What am I become? But a few months have elapsed since I believed that I was all the world to you; and that there was no happiness or grief for you on earth unshared by your Matilda — your child: that happy time is no longer, and what I most dreaded in this world is come upon me. In despair of my heart I see what you cannot conceal: you no longer love me. I adjure you, my father, has not an unnatural passion seized upon your heart? Am I not the most miserable worm that crawls? Do I not embrace your knees, and you most cruelly repulse me? I know it — I see it — you hate me!'
relieved the burthen that oppressed my heart almost to madness. I wept for a long time until I saw him about to revive, when horror and misery again recurred, and the tide of my sensations rolled back to their former channel, with a terror I could not restrain — I sprang up and fled, with winged speed, along the paths of the wood and across the fields until nearly dead. I reached our house and just ordering the servants to seek my father at the spot I indicated, I shut myself up in my own room.

CHAPTER VI

My chamber was in a retired part of the house, and looked upon the garden so that no sound of the other inhabitants could reach it; and here in perfect solitude I wept for several hours. When a servant came to ask me if I would take food I learnt from him that my father had returned, and was apparently well and this relieved me from a load of anxiety, yet I did not cease to weep bitterly. At first, as the memory of former happiness contrasted to my present despair came across me, I gave relief to the oppression of heart that I felt by words, and groans, and heart rending sighs: but nature became wearied, and this more violent grief gave place to a passionate but mute flood of tears: my whole soul seemed to dissolve in them. I did not wring my hands, or tear my hair, or utter wild exclamations, but as Boccaccio describes the intense and quiet grief of Sigismunda over the heart of Guiscardo, I sat with my hands folded, silently letting fall a perpetual stream from my eyes. Such was the depth of my emotion that I had no feeling of what caused my distress, my thoughts even wandered to many different objects; but still neither moving limb or feature my tears fell until, as if the fountains were exhausted, they gradually subsided, and I awoke to life as from a dream.

When I had ceased to weep reason and memory returned upon me, and I began to reflect with greater calmness on what had happened, and how it became me to act — A few hours only had passed but a mighty revolution had taken place with regard to me — the natural work of years had been transacted since the morning: my father was as dead to me, and I felt for a moment as if he with white hairs were laid in his coffin and I — youth vanished in approaching age, were weeping at his timely dissolution. But it was not so, I was yet young, Oh! far too young, nor was he dead to others; but I, most miserable, must never see or speak to him again. I must fly from him with more earnestness than from my greatest enemy: in solitude or in cities I must never more behold him. That consideration made me breathless with anguish, and impressing itself on my imagination I was unable for a time to follow up any train of ideas. Ever after this, I thought, I would live in the most dreary seclusion. I would retire to the Continent and become a nun; not for religion’s sake, for I was not a Catholic, but that I might for ever be shut out from the world. I should find solitude where I might weep, and the voices of life might never reach me.

But my father; my beloved and most wretched father? Would he die? Would he never overcome the fierce passion that now held pitiless dominion over him? Might he not many, many years hence, when age had quenched the burning sensations that he now experienced, might he not then be again a father to me? This reflection unrolled my brow, and I could feel (and I wept to feel it) a half melancholy smile draw from my lips their expression of suffering: I dared indulge better hopes for my future life; years must pass but they would speed lightly away winged by hope, or if they passed heavily, still they would pass and I had not lost my father for ever. Let him spend another sixteen years of desolate wandering: let him once more utter his wild complaints to the vast woods and the tremendous cataracts of another clime: let him again undergo fearful danger and soul-quelling hardships: let the hot sun of the south again burn his passion worn cheeks and the cold night rains fall on him and chill his blood.

To this life, miserable father, I devote thee! — Go! — Be thy days passed with savages, and thy nights under the cope of heaven! Be thy limbs worn and thy heart chilled, and all youth be dead within thee! Let thy hairs be as snow; thy walk trembling and thy voice have lost its mellow tones! Let the liquid lustre of thine eyes be quenched; and then return to me, return to thy Matilda, thy child, who may then be clasped in thy loved arms, while thy heart beats with sinless emotion. Go, Devoted One, and return thus! — This is my curse, a daughter’s curse: go, and return pure to thy child, who will never love aught but thee.

These were my thoughts; and with trembling hands I prepared to begin a letter to my unhappy parent. I had now spent many hours in tears and mournful meditation; it was past twelve o’clock; all was at peace in the house, and the gentle air that stole in at my window did not rustle the leaves of the twining plants that shadowed it. I felt the entire tranquillity of the hour when my own breath and involuntary sobs were all the sounds that struck upon the air. On a sudden I heard a gentle step ascending the stairs; I paused breathless, and as it approached glided into an obscure corner of the room; the steps paused at my door, but after a few moments they again receded, descended the stairs and I heard no more.

This slight incident gave rise in me to the most painful reflections; nor do I now dare express the emotions I felt. That he should be restless I understood; that he should wander as an unaided ghost and find no quiet from the burning hell that consumed his heart. But why approach my chamber? Was not that sacred? I felt almost ready to faint while he had stood there, but I had not betrayed my wakefulness by the slightest motion, although I had heard my own heart beat with violent fear. He had
withdrawn. Oh, never, never, may I see him again! Tomorrow night the same roof may not cover us; he or I must depart. The mutual link of our destinies is broken; we must be divided by seas—by land. The stars and the sun must not rise at the same period to us: he must not say, looking at the setting crescent of the moon, 'Matilda now watches its fall.'—No, all must be changed. Be it light with him when it is darkness with me! Let him feel the sun of summer while I am chilled by the snows of winter! Let there be the distance of the antipodes between us!

At length the east began to brighten, and the comfortable light of morning streamed into my room. I was weary with watching and for some time I had combated with the heavy sleep that weighed down my eyelids: but now, no longer fearful, I threw myself on my bed. I sought for repose although I did not hope for forgetfulness; I knew I should be pursued by dreams, but did not dread the frightful one that I really had. I thought that I had risen and went to seek my father to inform him of my determination to separate myself from him. I sought him in the house, in the park, and then in the fields and the woods, but I could not find him. At length I saw him at some distance, seated under a tree, and when he perceived me he waved his hand several times, beckoning me to approach; there was something unearthly in his mien that awed and chilled me, but I drew near. When at a short distance from him I saw that he was deadly pale, and clothed in flowing garments of white. Suddenly he started up and fled from me; I pursued him: we sped over the fields, and by the skirts of woods, and on the banks of the rivers; he flew fast and I followed. We came at last, methought, to the brow of a huge cliff that over hung the sea which, troubled by the winds, dashed against its base, at a distance. I heard the roar of the waters: he held his course right on towards the brink and I became breathless with fear lest he should plunge down the dreadful precipice; I tried to augment my speed, but my knees failed beneath me, yet I had just reached him; just caught a part of his flowing robe, when he leaped down and I awoke with a violent scream. I was trembling and my pillow was wet with tears; for a few moments my heart beat hard, but the bright beams of the sun and the chirping of the birds quickly restored me to myself, and I rose with a languid spirit, yet wondering what events the day would bring forth. Some time passed before I summoned courage to ring the bell for my servant, and when she came I still dared not utter my father's name. I ordered her to bring my breakfast to my room, and was again left alone—yet still I could make no resolve, but only thought that I might write a note to my father to beg his permission to pay a visit to a relation who lived about thirty miles off, and who had before invited me to her house, but I had refused for then I could not quit my suffering father. When the servant came back she gave me a letter.

'From whom is this letter?' I asked trembling.

'Your father left it, madam, with his servant, to be given to you when you should rise.'

'My father left it! Where is he? Is he not here?'

'No, he quitted the house before four this morning.'

'Good God! He is gone! But tell how this was; speak quick!' Her relation was short. He had gone in the carriage to the nearest town where he took a post chaise and horses with orders for the London road. He dismissed his servants there, only telling them that he had a sudden call of business and that they were to obey me as their mistress until his return.

CHAPTER VII

With a beating heart and fearful, I knew not why, I dismissed the servant and locking my door, sat down to read my father's letter. These are the words that it contained.

'My dear Child

'I have betrayed your confidence; I have endeavoured to pollute your mind, and have made your innocent heart acquainted with the books and language of unlawful and monstrous passion. I must expiate these crimes, and must endeavour in some degree to proportion my punishment to my guilt. You are I doubt not prepared for what I am about to announce; we must separate and be divided for ever.

'I deprive you of your parent and only friend. You are cast out shelterless on the world: your hopes are blasted; the peace and security of your pure mind destroyed; memory will bring to you frightful images of guilt, and the anguish of innocent love betrayed. Yet I who draw down all this misery upon you; I who cast you forth and remorselessly have set the seal of distrust and agony on the heart and brow of my own child, who with devilish levity have endeavoured to steal away her loneliness to place in its stead the foul deformity of sin; in, the overflowing anguish of my heart, suplicate you to forgive me.

'I do not ask your pity; you must and do abhor me: but pardon me, Matilda, and let not your thoughts follow me in my banishment with unrelenting anger. I must never more behold you; never more hear your voice; but the soft whisperings of your forgiveness will reach me and cool the burning of my disordered brain and heart; I am sure I feel it even in my grave. And I dare enforce this request by relating how miserably I was betrayed into this net of fiery anguish and all my struggles to release myself: indeed if your soul were less pure and bright I would not attempt to exculpate myself to you; I should fear that if I led you to regard me with less abhorrence you might hate vice less: but in addressing you I feel as if I
night draws on space and all my hours in this house are counted. Well, we removed to London, and still I felt only the peace of sinless passion. You were ever with me, and I desired no more than to gaze on your countenance, and to know that I was all the world to you; I was lapped in a fool's paradise of enjoyment and security. Was my love blamable? If it was I was ignorant of it; I desired only that which I possessed, and if I enjoyed from your looks, and words, and most innocent caresses a rapture usually excluded from the feelings of a parent towards his child, yet no uneasiness, no wish, no casual idea awoke me to a sense of guilt. I loved you as a human father might be supposed to love a daughter born to him by a heavenly mother, as Anchises might have regarded the child of Venus if the sex had been changed, love mingled with respect and adoration. Perhaps also my passion was lulled to content by the deep and exclusive affection you felt for me.

But when I saw you become the object of another's love; when I imagined that you might be loved otherwise than as a sacred type and image of loveliness and excellence; or that you might love another with a more ardent affection than that which you bore to me, then the fiend awoke within me; I dismissed your lover; and from that moment I have known no peace. I have sought in vain for sleep and rest; my lids refused to close, and my blood was for ever in a tumult. I awoke to a new life as one who dies in hope might wake in Hell. I will not sully your imagination by recounting my combats, my self-anger and my despair. Let a veil be drawn over the unimaginable sensations of a guilty father; the secrets of so agonized a heart may not be made vulgar. All was uproar, crime, remorse and hate, yet still the tenderest love; and what first awoke me to the firm resolve of conquering my passion and of restoring her father to my child was the sight of your bitter and sympathizing sorrows. It was this that led me here: I thought that if I could again awaken in my heart the grief I had felt at the loss of your mother, and the many associations with her memory which had been laid to sleep for seventeen years, that all love for her child would become extinct. In a fit of heroism I determined to go alone; to quit you, the life of my life, and not to see you again until I might guiltlessly. But it would not do: I rated my fortitude too high, or my love too low. I should certainly have died if you had not hastened to me. Would that I had been indeed extinguished!

And now, Matilda I must make you my last confession. I have been miserably mistaken in imagining that I could conquer my love for you; I never can. The sight of this house, these fields and woods which my first love inhabited seems to have encreased it: in my madness I dared say to myself:—Diana died to give her birth; her mother's spirit was transferred into her frame, and she ought to be as Diana to me. With every effort to cast it off, this love clings closer, this guilty love more unnatural than hate, that withers your hopes and destroys me for ever.

Better have loved despair, & safer kissed her.
No time or space can tear from my soul that which makes a part of it. Since my arrival here I have not for a moment ceased to feel the hell of passion which has been implanted in me to burn until all be cold, and stiff, and dead. Yet I will not die; alas! how dare I go where I may meet Diana, when I have disobeyed her last request; her last words said in a faint voice when all feeling but love, which survives all things else was already dead, she then bade me make her child happy: that thought alone gives a double sting to death. I will wander away from you, away from all life — in the solitude I shall seek I alone shall breathe of human kind. I must endure life; and as it is my duty so I shall until the grave dreaded yet desired, receive me free from pain: for while I feel it will be pain that must make up the whole sum of my sensations. Is not this a fearful curse that I labour under? Do I not look forward to a miserable future? My child, if after this life I am permitted to see you again, if pain can purify the heart, mine will be pure: if remorse may expiate guilt, I shall be guiltless.

‘I have been at the door of your chamber: every thing is silent. You sleep. Do you indeed sleep, Matilda? Spirits of Good, behold the tears of my earnest prayer! Bless my child! Protect her from the selfish among her fellow creatures: protect her from the agonies of passion, and the despair of disappointment! Peace, Hope and Love be thy guardians, oh, thou soul of my soul: thou in whom I breathe!’

‘I dare not read my letter over for I have no time to write another, and yet I fear that some expressions in it might displease me. Since I last saw you I have been constantly employed in writing letters, and have several more to write; for I do not intend that any one shall hear of me after I depart. I need not conjure you to look upon me as one of whom all links that once existed between us are broken. Your own delicacy will not allow you, I am convinced, to attempt to trace me. It is far better for your peace that you should be ignorant of my destination. You will not follow me, for when I banish myself would you nourish guilt by obstructing yourself upon me? You will not do this, I know you will not. You must forget me and all the evil that I have taught you. Cast off the only gift that I have bestowed upon you, your grief, and rise from under my blighting influence as no flower so sweet ever did rise from beneath so much evil.

‘You will never hear from me again: receive these then as the last words of mine that will ever reach you; and although I have forfeited your filial love, yet regard them I conjure you as a father’s command. Resolutely shake off the wretchedness that this first misfortune in early life must occasion you. Bear boldly up against the storm: continue wise and mild, but believe it, and indeed it is, your duty to be happy. You are very young; let not this check for more than a moment retard your glorious course; hold on, beloved one. The sun of youth is not set for you; it will restore vigour and life to you; do not resist with obstinate grief its beneficent influence, oh, my child! bless me with the hope that I have not utterly destroyed you.

‘Farewell, Matilda. I go with the belief that I have your pardon. Your gentle nature would not permit you to hate your greatest enemy and though I be he, although I have rent happiness from your grasp; though I have passed over your young love and hopes as the angel of destruction, finding beauty and joy, and leaving blight and despair, yet you will forgive me, and with eyes overflowing with tears I thank you; my beloved one, I accept your pardon with a gratitude that will never die, and that will, indeed it will, outlive guilt and remorse.

‘Farewell for ever!’

The moment I finished this letter I ordered the carriage and prepared to follow my father. The words of his letter by which he had dissuaded me from this step were those that determined me. Why did he write them? He must know that if I believed that his intention was merely to absent himself from me that instead of opposing him it would be that which I should myself require — or if he thought that any lurking feeling, yet he could not think that, should lead me to him would he endeavour to overthrow the only hope he could have of ever seeing me again; a lover, there was madness in the thought, yet he was my lover, would not act thus. No, he had determined to die, and he wished to spare me the misery of knowing it. The few intellectual words he had said concerning his duty were to me a further proof — and the more I studied the letter the more did I perceive a thousand slight expressions that could only indicate a knowledge that life was now over for him. He was about to die! My blood froze at the thought: a sickening feeling of horror came over me that allowed not of tears. As I waited for the carriage I walked up and down with a quick pace; then kneeling and passionately clasping my hands I tried to pray but my voice was choked by convulsive sobs — Oh the sun shone, the air was balmy — he must yet live for if he were dead all would surely be black as night to me!

The motion of the carriage knowing that it carried me towards him and that I might perhaps find him alive somewhat revived my courage: yet I had a dreadful ride. Hope only supported me, the hope that I should not be too late. I did not weep, but I wiped the perspiration from my brow, and tried to still my brain and heart beating almost to madness. Oh! I must not be mad when I see him; or perhaps it were as well that I should be, my distraction might calm his, and recall him to the endurance of life. Yet until I find him I must force reason to keep her seat, and I pressed my forehead hard with my hands — Oh do not leave me; or I shall forget what I am about — instead of driving on as we ought with the speed of lightning they will attend to me, and we shall be too late. Oh! God help me! Let him be alive: it is all dark; in my abject misery I demand no more: no hope, no good: only passion, and guilt, and horror; but alive! My sensations choked me — No tears fell yet I sobbed, and breathed short and hard; one only thought
possessed me, and I could only utter one word, that half screaming was perpetually on my lips; Alive! Alive! –

I had taken the steward with me for he, much better than I, could make the requisite enquiries – the poor old man could not restrain his tears as he saw my deep distress and knew the cause – he sometimes uttered a few broken words of consolation: in moments like these the mistress and servant become in a manner equals and when I saw his old dim eyes wet with sympathizing tears; his gray hair thinly scattered on an age-wrinkled brow I thought oh if my father were as he is – decrepit and hoary – then I should be spared this pain –

When I had arrived at the nearest town I took post horses and followed the road my father had taken. At every inn where we changed horses we heard of him, and I was possessed by alternate hope and fear. A length I found that he had altered his route; at first he had followed the London road; but now he changed it, and upon enquiry I found that the one which he now pursued led towards the sea. My dream recurred to my thoughts; I was not usually superstitious but in wretchedness every one is so. The sea was fifty miles off, yet it was towards it that he fled. The idea was terrible to my mind and imagination, and almost overpowered the little self possession that still remained to me. I journeyed all day; every moment my misery increased and the fever of my blood became intolerable. The summer sun shone in an unclouded sky; the air was close but all was cool to me except my own scorching skin. Towards evening dark thunder clouds arose above the horizon and I heard its distant roll – after sunset they darkened the whole sky and it began to rain, the lightning lighted up the whole country and the thunder drowned the noise of our carriage. At the next inn my father had not taken horses; he had left a box there saying he would return, and had walked over the fields to the town of – a seacoast town eight miles off.

For a moment I was almost paralyzed by fear; but my energy returned and I demanded a guide to accompany me in following his steps. The night was tempestuous but my biret was high and I easily procured a countryman. We passed through many lanes and over fields and wild downs; the rain poured down in torrents, and the loud thunder broke in terrible crashes over our heads. Oh! What a night it was! And I passed on with quick steps among the high, dank grass amid the rain and tempest. My dream was for ever in my thoughts, and with a kind of half insanity that often possesses the mind in despair, I said aloud; ‘Courage! We are not near the sea; we are yet several miles from the ocean’ – Yet it was towards the sea that our direction lay and that heightened the confusion of my ideas. Once, overcome by fatigue, I sunk on the wet earth; about two hundred yards distant, alone in a large meadow stood a magnificent oak; the lightnings shewed its myriad boughs torn by the storm. A strange idea seized me; a person must have felt all the agonies of doubt concerning the life and death of one who is the whole world to them before they can enter into my feelings for in that state, the mind working unrestrained by the will makes strange and fanciful combinations with outward circumstances and weaves the chances and changes of nature into an immediate connexion with the event they dread. It was with this feeling that I turned to the old steward who stood pale and trembling beside me; ‘Mark, Gaspar, if the next flash of lightning rend not that oak my father will be alive.’

I had scarcely uttered these words than a flash instantly followed by a tremendous peal of thunder descended on it; and when my eyes recovered their sight after the dazzling light, the oak no longer stood in the meadow. – The old man uttered a wild exclamation of horror when he saw so sudden an interpretation given to my prophesy. I started up, my strength returned with my terror; I cried, ‘Oh, God! Is this thy decree? Yet perhaps I shall not be too late.’

Although still several miles distant we continued to approach the sea. We came at last to the road that led to the town of – and at an inn there we heard that my father had passed by somewhat before sunset; he had observed the approaching storm and had hired a horse for the next town which was situated a mile from the sea that he might arrive there before it should commence: this town was five miles off. We hired a chaise here and with four horses drove with speed through the storm. My garments were wet and clung around me, and my hair hung in straight locks on my neck when not blown aside by the wind. I shivered, yet my pulse was high with fever. Great God! What agony I endured. I shed no tears but my eyes wild and inflamed were starting from my head; I could hardly support the weight that pressed upon my brain. We arrived at the town of – in a little more than half an hour. When my father had arrived the storm had already begun, but he had refused to stop and leaving his horse there he walked on towards the sea. Alas! it was double cruelty in him to have chosen the sea for his fatal resolve; it was adding madness to my despair.

The poor old servant who was with me endeavoured to persuade me to remain here and to let him go alone – I shook my head silently and sadly; sick almost to death I leant upon his arm, and as there was no road for a chaise dragged my weary steps across the desolate downs to meet my fate, now too certain for the agony of doubt. Almost fainting I slowly approached the fatal waters; when we had quitted the town we heard their roaring. I whispered to myself in a muttering voice – ‘The sound is the same as that which I heard in my dream. It is the knell of my father which I hear.’

The rain had ceased; there was no more thunder and lightning; the wind had subsided. My heart no longer beat wildly; I did not feel any fever; but I was chilled; my knees sunk under me – I almost slept as I walked with excess of weariness; every limb trembled. I was silent; all was silent except the roaring of the sea which became louder and more dreadful. Yet we advanced slowly; sometimes I thought that we should never arrive; that the sound of waves would still allure us, and that we should walk on for ever and ever: field succeeding field, never would our weary journey cease, not
night nor day; but still we should hear the dashing of the sea, and to all this there would be no end. Wild beyond the imagination of the happy are the thoughts bred by misery and despair.

At length we reached the overhanging beach; a cottage stood beside the path; we knocked at the door and it was opened: the bed within instantly caught my eye; something stiff and straight lay on it, covered by a sheet; the cottagers looked aghast. The first words that they uttered confirmed what I before knew. I did not feel shocked or overcome: I believe that I asked one or two questions and listened to the answers. I hardly know, but in a few moments I sank lifeless to the ground; and so would that then all had been at an end!

CHAPTER VIII

I was carried to the next town; fever succeeded to convulsions and faintings, and for some weeks my unhappy spirit hovered on the very verge of death. But life was yet strong within me; I recovered; nor did it a little aid my returning health that my recollections were at first vague, and that I was too weak to feel any violent emotion. I often said to myself, my father is dead. He loved me with a guilty passion, and stung by remorse and despair he killed himself. Why is it that I feel no horror? Are these circumstances not dreadful? Is it not enough that I shall never more meet the eyes of my beloved father; never more hear his voice; no caress, no look? All cold, and stiff, and dead! Alas! I am quite callous: the night I was out in was fearful and the cold rain that fell about my heart has acted like the waters of the cavern of Antiparos and has changed it to stone. I do not weep or sigh; but I must reason with myself, and force myself to feel sorrow and despair. This is not resignation that I feel, for I am dead to all regret.

I commenced in this manner with myself, but I was silent to all around me. I hardly replied to the slightest question, and was uneasy when I saw a human creature near me. I was surrounded by my female relations, but they were all of them nearly strangers to me: I did not listen to their consolations, and so little did they work their designed effect that they seemed to me to be spoken in an unknown tongue. I found if sorrow was dead within me, so was love and desire of sympathy. Yet sorrow only slept to revive more fierce, but love never woke again - its ghost, ever hovering over my father's grave, alone survived - since his death all the world was to me a blank except where woe had stamped its burning words telling me to smile no more - the living were not fit companions for me, and I was ever meditating by what means I might shake them all off, and never be heard of again.

My convalescence rapidly advanced, yet this was the thought that haunted me, and I was for ever forming plans how I might hereafter contrive to escape the torments that were prepared for me when I should mix in society, and to find that solitude which alone could suit one whom an untold grief separated from her fellow creatures. Who can be more solitary even in a crowd than one whose history and the never ending feelings and remembrances arising from it is known to no living soul? There was too deep a horror in my tale for confidence; I was on earth the sole depository of my own secret. I might tell it to the winds and to the desert heaths but I must never among my fellow creatures, either by word or look give allowance to the smallest conjecture of the dread reality. I must shrink before the eye of man lest he should read my father's guilt in my glazed eyes; I must be silent lest my faltering voice should betray unimagined horrors. Over the deep grave of my secret I must heap an impenetrable heap of false smiles and words: cunning frauds, treacherous laughter and a mixture of all light deceits would form a mist to blind others and be as the poisonous simeon to me. 26 I, the offspring of love, the child of the woods, the nursing of Nature's bright self was to submit to this? I dared not.

How must I escape? I was rich and young, and had a guardian appointed for me; and all about me would act as if I were one of their great society, while I must keep the secret that I really was cut off from them for ever. If I fled I should be pursued; in life there was no escape for me: why then must die. I shuddered; I dared not die even though the cold grave held all I loved; although I might say with Job

Where is now my hope? For my hope who shall see it? They shall go down together to the bars of the pit, when our rest together is in the dust —

Yes my hope was corruption and dust and all to which death brings us. - Or after life - No, no, I will not persuade myself to die, I may not, dare not. And then I wept; yes, warm tears once more struggled into my eyes soothing yet bitter; and after I had wept much and called with unavailing anguish, with outstretched arms, for my cruel father; after my weak frame was exhausted by all variety of plaint I sank once more into reverse and once more reflected on how I might find that which I most desired; dear to me if aught were death, a death-like solitude.

I dared not die, but I might Shun death, and thus escape from my comforters: they will believe me united to my father, and so indeed I shall be. For alone, when no voice can disturb my dream, and no cold eye meet mine to check its fire, then I may commune with his spirit; on a lone heath, at noon or at midnight, still I should be near him. His last injunction to me was that I should be happy; perhaps he did not mean the shadowy happiness that I promised myself, yet it was that alone which I could taste. He did not conceive that ever again I could make one of the smiling hunters
that go coursing after bubbles that break to nothing when caught, and then
after a new one with brighter colours; my hope also had proved a bubble,
bUt it had been so lovely, so adorned that I saw none that could attract me
after it; Besides I was weary of the pursuit, nearly dead with weariness.

I would feign to die; my contented heirs would seize upon my wealth,
and I should purchase freedom. But then my plan must be laid with art; I
would not be left destitute, I must secure some money. Alas! to what
loathsome shifts must I be driven? Yet a whole life of falsehood was
otherwise my portion: and when remorse at being the contriver of any cheat
made me shrink from my design I was irresistibly led back and confirmed in
it by the visit of some aunt or cousin, who would tell me that death was the
end of all men. And then say that my father had surely lost his wits ever
since my mother's death, that he was mad and that I was fortunate, for in
one of his fits he might have killed me instead of destroying his own crazed
being. And all this, to be sure, was delicately put; not in broad words for my
feelings might be hurt but

Whispered so and so
In dark hint soft and low*

with downcast eyes, and sympathizing smiles or whimpers; and I listened
with quiet countenance while every nerve trembled; I that dared not utter
aye or no to all this blasphemy. Oh, this was a delicious life quite void of
guile! I with my dove's look and fox's heart: for indeed I felt only the
degradation of falsehood, and not any sacred sentiment of conscious inno-
cence that might redeem it. I who had before clothed myself in the bright
garb of sincerity must now borrow one of divers colours: it might sit
awkwardly at first, but use would enable me to place it in elegant folds, to
lie with grace. Aye, I might die my soul with falsehood until I had quite hid
its native colour. Oh, beloved father! Accept the pure heart of your unhappy
dughter; permit me to join you unsought as I was or you will not
recognize my altered semblance. As grief might change Constance[29] so
would deceit change me until in heaven you would say, 'This is not my
child'—My father, to be happy both now and when again we meet I must fly
from all this life which is mockery to one like me. In solitude only shall I be
myself; in solitude I shall be thine.

Alas! I even now look back with disgust at my artifices and contrivances
by which, after many painful struggles, I effected my retreat. I might enter
into a long detail of the means I used, first to secure myself a slight
maintenance for the remainder of my life, and afterwards to ensure the
conviction of my death: I might, but I will not. I even now blush at the
falsehoods I uttered; my heart sickens: I will leave this complication of what
I hope I may in a manner call innocent deceit to be imagined by the reader.

* Coleridge's Fire, Famine and Slaughter. [29]
quite alone peace returned to me. The sea was calm and the vessel moved
gently onwards, I sat upon deck under the open canopy of heaven and
methought I was an altered creature. Not the wild, raving and most
miserable Matilda but a youthful Hermiteess dedicated to seclusion and
whose bosom she must strive to keep free from all tumult and unholy
despair — The fanciful nunlike dress that I had adopted; the knowledge that
my very existence was a secret known only to myself; the solitude to which
I was for ever hereafter destined nursed gentle thoughts in my wounded
heart. The breeze that played in my hair revived me, and I watched with
quiet eyes the sunbeams that glittered on the waves, and the birds that
coursed each other over the waters just brushing them with their plumes. I
slept too undisturbed by dreams; and awoke refreshed to again enjoy my
tranquil freedom.

In four days we arrived at the harbour to which we were bound. I would
not remain on the sea coast, but proceeded immediately inland. I had
already planned the situation where I would live. It should be a solitary
house on a wide plain near no other habitation: where I could behold the
whole horizon, and wander far without molestation from the sight of my
fellow creatures. I was not misanthropic, but I felt that the gentle current of
my feelings depended upon my being alone. I fixed myself on a wide
solitude; On a dreary heath bestrewn with stones, among which short grass
grew; and here and there a few rushes beside a little pool. Not far from my
cottage was a small cluster of pines the only trees to be seen for many miles:
I had a path cut through the furze from my door to this little wood, from
whose topmost branches the birds saluted the rising sun and awoke me to
my daily meditation. My view was bounded only by the horizon except on
one side where a distant wood made a black spot on the heath, that every
where else stretched out its faint hues as far as the eye could reach, wide
and very desolate. Here I could mark the net work of the clouds as they
wove themselves into thick masses: I could watch the slow rise of the heavy
thunder clouds and could see the rack as it was driven across the heavens, or
under the pine trees I could enjoy the stillness of the azure sky.

My life was very peaceful. I had one female servant who spent the greater
part of the day at a village two miles off. My amusements were simple and
very innocent; I fed the birds who built on the pines or among the ivy that
covered the wall of my little garden, and they soon knew me: the bolder
ones pecked the crumbs from my hands and perched on my fingers to sing
their thankfulness. When I had lived here some time other animals visited
me and a fox came every day for a portion of food appropriated for him and
would suffer me to pat his head. I had besides many books and a harp with
which when despairing I could soothe my spirits, and raise myself to
sympathy and love.

Love! What had I to love? Oh many things: there was the moonshine, and
the bright stars; the breezes and the refreshing rains; there was the whole
earth and the sky that covers it: all lovely forms that visited my imagination,
all memories of heroism and virtue. Yet this was very unlike my early life,
although as then I was confined to Nature and books. Then I bounded across
the fields; my spirit often seemed to ride upon the winds, and to mingle in
joyful sympathy with the ambient air. Then if I wandered slowly I cheered
myself with a sweet song or sweeter day dreams. I felt a holy rapture spring
from all I saw. I drank in joy with life; my steps were light; my eyes, clear from
the love that animated them, sought the heavens, and with my long hair
loosened to the winds I gave my body and my mind to sympathy and delight.
But now my walk was slow — My eyes were seldom raised and often filled with
tears; no song; no smiles; no careless motion that might bespeak a mind intent
on what surrounded it — I was gathered up into myself — a selfish solitary
creature ever pondering on my regrets and faded hopes.

Mine was an idle, useless life; it was so; but say not to the lily laid
prostrate by the storm arise, and bloom as before. My heart was bleeding
from its death's wound; I could live no otherwise — Often amid apparent
calm I was visited by despair and melancholy; gloom that nought could
dissipate or overcome; a hatred of life; a carelessness of beauty; all these
would by fits hold me nearly annihilated by their powers. Never for one
moment when most placid did I cease to pray for death. I could be found in
no state of mind which I would not willingly have exchanged for nothingness.
And morning and evening my tearful eyes raised to heaven, my hands
clasped tight in the energy of prayer, I have repeated with the poet:

Before I see another day
Oh, let this body die away.\[132\]

Let me not be reproached then with inutility; I believed that by suicide I
should violate a divine law of nature, and I thought that I sufficiently
fulfilled my part in submitting to the hard task of enduring the crawling
hours and minutes\[131\] in bearing the load of time that weighed miserably
upon me and that in abstaining from what I in my calm moments considered
a crime, I deserved the reward of virtue. There were periods, dreadful ones,
during which I despaired — and doubted the existence of all duty and the
reality of crime — but I shudder, and turn from the remembrance.

CHAPTER IX

Thus I passed two years. Day after day so many hundreds wore on; they
brought no outward changes with them, but gave few slowly operated on
my mind as I glided on towards death. I began to study more; to sympathize
more in the thoughts of others as expressed in books; to read history, and to
lose my individuality among the crowd that had existed before me. Thus
perhaps as the sensation of immediate suffering wore off, I became more
human. Solitude also lost to me some of its charms. I began again to wish for
sympathy; not that I was ever tempted to seek the crowd, but I wished for
one friend to love me. You will say perhaps that I gradually became fitted to
return to society. I do not think so. For the sympathy that I desired must be
so pure, so divested of influence from outward circumstances that in the
world I could not fail of being balked by the gross materials that perpetually
mingle even with its best feelings. Believe me, I was then less fitted for any
communion with my fellow creatures than before. When I left them they
had tormented me but it was in the same way as pain and sickness may
torment; something extraneous to the mind that galled it, and that I wished
to cast aside. But now I should have desired sympathy; I should wish to knit
my soul to some one of theirs, and should have prepared for myself plentiful
drafts of disappointment and suffering; for I was tender as the sensitive
plant, all nerve. I did not desire sympathy and aid in ambition or wisdom,
but sweet and mutual affection; smiles to cheer me and gentle words of
comfort. I wished for one heart in which I could pour unrestrained my
plaints, and by the heavenly nature of the soil blessed fruit might spring
from such bad seed. Yet how could I find this? The love that is the soul of
friendship is a soft spirit seldom found except when two amiable creatures
are knit from early youth, or when bound by mutual suffering and pursuits;
it comes to some of the elect unsought and unaware; it descends as gentle
dew on chosen spots which however barren they were before become under
its benign influence fertile in all sweet plants; but when desired it flies;
it scoffs at the prayers of its votaries; it will bestow, but not be sought.

I knew all this and did not go to seek sympathy; but there on my solitary
heath, under my lowly roof where all around was desert, it came to me as a
sun beam in winter to adorn while it helps to dissolve the drifted snow. –
Alas the sun shone on blighted fruit; I did not revive under its radiance for I
was too utterly undone to feel its kindly power. My father had been and his
memory was the life of my life. I might feel gratitude to another but I never
more could love or hope as I had done; it was all suffering; even my
pleasures were endured, not enjoyed. I was as a solitary spot among
mountains shut in on all sides by steep black precipices; where no ray of
heat could penetrate; and from which there was no outlet to sunny fields.
And thus it was that although the spirit of friendship soothed me for a while
it could not restore me. It came as some gentle visitation; it went and I
hardly felt the loss. The spirit of existence was dead within me; be not
surprised therefore that when it came I welcomed not more gladly, or when
it departed I lamented not more bitterly the best gift of heaven – a friend.

The name of my friend was Woodville. I will briefly relate his history that
you may judge how cold my heart must have been not to be warmed by his
eloquent words and tender sympathy; and how he also being most unhappy

we were well fitted to be a mutual consolation to each other, if I had not
been hardened to stone by the Medusa head of Misery. The misfortunes of
Woodville were not of the hearts core like mine; his was a natural grief, not
to destroy but to purify the heart and from which he might, when its
shadow had passed from over him, shine forth brighter and happier than
before.

Woodville was the son of a poor clergyman and had received a classical
education. He was one of those very few whom fortune favours from their
birth; on whom she bestows all gifts of intellect and person with a preclusion
that knew no bounds, and whom under her peculiar protection, no imper-
fection however slight, or disappointment however transitory has left to
touch. She seemed to have formed his mind of that excellence which no
dross can tarnish, and his understanding was such that no error could
pervert. His genius was transcendant, and when it rose as a bright star in the
east all eyes were turned towards it in admiration. He was a Poet! That
name has so often been degraded that it will not convey the idea of all that
he was. He was like a poet of old whom the muses had crowned in his
cradle, and on whose lips bees had fed. As he walked among other men he
seemed encompassed with a heavenly halo that divided him from and lifted
him above them. It was his surpassing beauty, the dazzling fire of his eyes,
and his words whose rich accents wrapped the listener in mute and ecstatic
wonder, that made him transcend all others so that before him they
appeared only formed to minister to his superior excellence.

He was glorious from his youth. Everyone loved him; no shadow of envy
or hate cast even from the meanest mind ever fell upon him. He was, as one
the peculiar delight of the Gods, railed and fenced in by his own divinity, so
that nought but love and admiration could approach him. His heart was
simple like a child, unstained by arrogance or vanity. He mingled in society
unknowing of his superiority over his companions not because he under-
valed himself but because he did not perceive the inferiority of others. He
seemed incapable of conceiving of the full extent of the power that
selfishness and vice possesses in the world; when I knew him, although he
had suffered disappointment in his dearest hopes, he had not experienced
any that arose from the meanness and self love of men; his station was too
high to allow of his suffering through their hardheartedness; and too low for
him to have experienced ingratitude and encroaching selfishness: it is one
of the blessings of a moderate fortune, that by preventing the possessor from
confering pecuniary favours it prevents him also from diving into the arena
of human weakness or malice – To bestow on your fellow men is a Godlike
attribute – So indeed it is and as such not one fit for mortality; – the giver
like Adam and Prometheus, must pay the penalty of rising above his nature
by being the martyr to his own excellence. Woodville was free from all
these evils; and if slight examples did come across him he did not notice
them but passed on in his course as an angel with winged feet might glide
along the earth unimpeded by all those little obstacles over which we of
earthly origin stumble. He was a believer in the divinity of genius and always opposed a stern disbelief to the objections of those petty cavillers and minor critics who wish to reduce all men to their own miserable level — 'I will make a scientific simile' he would say, 'in the manner, if you will, of Dr Darwin' — I consider the alleged errors of a man of genius as the aberrations of the fixed stars. It is our distance from them and our imperfect means of communication that makes them appear to move; in truth they always remain stationary, a glorious centre, giving us a fine lesson of modesty if we would thus receive it.'

I have said that he was a poet: when he was three and twenty years of age he first published a poem, and it was hailed by the whole nation with enthusiasm and delight. His good star perpetually shone upon him; a reputation had never before been made so rapidly: it was universal. The multitude extolled the same poems that formed the wonder of the sage in his closet: there was not one dissentient voice.

It was at this time, in the height of his glory, that he became acquainted with Elinor. She was a young heiress of exquisite beauty who lived under the care of her guardian: from the moment they were seen together they appeared formed for each other. Elinor had not the genius of Woodville but was generous and noble, and exalted by her youth and the love that she every where excited above the knowledge of aught but virtue and excellence. She was lovely; her manners were frank and simple; her deep blue eyes swam in a lustre which could only be given by sensibility joined to wisdom.

They were formed for one another and they soon loved. Woodville for the first time felt the delight of love; and Elinor was enraptured in possessing the heart of one so beautiful and glorious among his fellow men. Could any thing but unmixed joy flow from such a union?

Woodville was a Poet — he was sought for by every society and all eyes were turned on him alone when he appeared; but he was the son of a poor clergyman and Elinor was a rich heiress. Her guardian was not displeased with their mutual affection: the merit of Woodville was too eminent to admit of cavil on account of his inferior wealth; but the dying will of her father did not allow her to marry before she was of age and her fortune depended upon her obeying this injunction. She had just entered her twentieth year, and she and her lover were obliged to submit to this delay. But they were ever together and their happiness seemed that of Paradise: they studied together: formed plans of future occupations, and drinking in love and joy from each other's eyes and words they hardly repined at the delay to their entire union. Woodville for ever rose in glory; and Elinor become more lovely and wise under the lessons of her accomplished lover.

In two months Elinor would be twenty one; every thing was prepared for their union. How shall I relate the catastrophe to so much joy; but the earth would not be the earth it is covered with blight and sorrow if one such pair as these angelic creatures had been suffered to exist for one another: search through the world and you will not find the perfect happiness which their marriage would have caused them to enjoy; there must have been a revolution in the order of things as established among us miserable earth-dwellers to have admitted of such consummate joy. The chain of necessity ever bringing misery must have been broken and the malignant fate that presides over it would not permit this breach of her eternal laws. But why should I repine at this? Misery was my element, and nothing but what was miserable could approach me; if Woodville had been happy I should never have known him. And can I who for many years was led by tears, and nourished under the dew of grief, can I pause to relate a tale of wo and death?

Woodville was obliged to make a journey into the country and was detained from day to day in irksome absence from his lovely bride. He received a letter from her to say that she was slightly ill, but telling him to hasten to her, that from his eyes she would receive health and that his company would be her surest medicine. He was detained three days longer and then he hastened to her. His heart, he knew not why prognosticated misfortune; he had not heard from her again; he feared she might be worse and this fear made him impatient and restless for the moment of beholding her once more stand before him arrayed in health and beauty; for a sinister voice seemed always to whisper to him, 'You will never more behold her as she was.'

When he arrived at her habitation all was silent in it: he made his way through several rooms; in one he saw a servant weeping bitterly: he was faint with fear and could hardly ask, 'Is she dead?' and just listened to the dreadful answer, 'Not yet.' These astounding words came on him as of less fearful import than those which he had expected; and to learn that she was still in being, and that he might still hope was an alleviation to him. He remembered the words of her letter and indulged the wild idea that his kisses breathing warm love and life would infuse new spirit into her, and that with him near her she could not die; that his presence was the talisman of her life.

He hastened to her sick room; she lay, her cheeks burning with fever, yet her eyes were closed and she was seemingly senseless. He wrapped her in his arms; he imprinted breathless kisses on her burning lips; he called to her in a voice of subdued anguish by the tenderest names; 'Return Elinor; I am with you; your life, your love. Return; dearest one, you promised me this boon, that I should bring you health. Let your sweet spirit revive; you cannot die near me: What is death? To see you no more? To part with what is a part of myself; without whom I have no memory and no futurity? Elinor die! This is frenzy and the most miserable despair: you cannot die while I am near.'

And again he kissed her eyes and lips, and hung over her inanimate form in agony, gazng on her countenance still lovely although changed, watching every slight convulsion, and varying colour which denoted life still lingering although about to depart. Once for a moment she revived and recognized
her voice; a smile, a last lovely smile, played upon her lips. He watched beside her for twelve hours and then she died.

CHAPTER X

It was six months after this miserable conclusion to his long nursed hopes that I first saw him. He had retired to a part of the country where he was not known that he might peacefully indulge his grief. All the world, by the death of his beloved Elinor, was changed to him, and he could no longer remain in any spot where he had seen her or where her image mingled with the most rapturous hopes had brightened all around with a light of joy which would now be transformed to a darkness blacker than midnight since she, the sun of his life, was set for ever.

He lived for some time never looking on the light of heaven but shrouding his eyes in a perpetual darkness far from all that could remind him of what he had been; but as time softened his grief like a true child of Nature he sought in the enjoyment of her beauties for a consolation in his unhappiness. He came to a part of the country where he was entirely unknown and where in the deepest solitude he could converse only with his own heart. He found a relief to his impatient grief in the breezes of heaven and in the sound of waters and woods. He became fond of riding; this exercise distracted his mind and elevated his spirits; on a swift horse he could for a moment gain respite from the image that else for ever followed him; Elinor on her death bed, her sweet features changed, and the soft spirit that animated her gradually waning into extinction. For many months Woodville had in vain endeavoured to cast off this terrible remembrance; it still hung on him until memory was too great a burden for his loaded soul, but when on horseback the spell that seemingly held him to this idea was snapped; then if he thought of his lost bride he pictured her radiant in beauty; he could hear her voice, and fancy her a sylvan Huntress by his side, while his eyes brightened as he thought he gazed on her cherished form. I had several times seen him ride across the heath and felt angry that my solitude should be disturbed. It was so long since I had spoken to any but peasants that I felt a disagreeable sensation at being gazed on by one of superior rank. I feared also that it might be some one who had seen me before: I might be recognized, my impostures discovered and I dragged back to a life of worse torture than that I had before endured. These were dreadful fears and they even haunted my dreams.

I was one day seated on the verge of the clump of pines when Woodville rode past. As soon as I perceived him I suddenly rose to escape from his observation by entering among the trees. My rising startled his horse; he reared and plunged and the Rider was at length thrown. The horse then galloped swiftly across the heath and the stranger remained on the ground stunned by his fall. He was not materially hurt, a little fresh water soon recovered him. I was struck by his exceeding beauty, and as he spoke to thank me the sweet but melancholy cadence of his voice brought tears into my eyes.

A short conversation passed between us, but the next day he again stopped at my cottage and by degrees an intimacy grew between us. It was strange to him to see a female in extreme youth, I was not yet twenty, evidently belonging to the first classes of society and possessing every accomplishment an excellent education could bestow, living alone on a desolate heath. One on whose forehead the impress of grief was strongly marked, and whose words and motions betrayed that her thoughts did not follow them but were intent on far other ideas; bitter and overwhelming miseries I was dressed also in a whimsical nunlike habit which denoted that I did not retire to solitude from necessity, but that I might indulge in a luxury of grief, and fanciful seclusion.

He soon took great interest in me, and sometimes forgot his own grief to sit beside me and endeavouer to cheer me. He could not fail to interest even one who had shut herself from the whole world, whose hope was death, and who lived only with the departed. His personal beauty, his conversation which glowed with imagination and sensibility; the poetry that seemed to hang upon his lips and to make the very air mute to listen to him were charms that no one could resist. He was younger, less worn, more passionate than my father and in no degree reminded me of him; he suffered under immediate grief yet its gentle influence instead of calling feelings otherwise dormant into action, seemed only to veil that which otherwise would have been too dazzling for me. When we were together I spoke little yet my selfish mind was sometimes borne away by the rapid course of his ideas; I would lift my eyes with momentary brilliancy until memories that never died and seldom slept would recur, and a tear would dim them.

Woodville for ever tried to lead me to the contemplation of what is beautiful and happy in the world. His own mind was constitutionally bent to a firmer belief in good than in evil and this feeling which must ever exaltuate the hopeless ever shone forth in his words. He would talk of the wonderful powers of man, of their present state and of their hopes: of what they had been and what they were, and when reason could no longer guide him, his imagination as if inspired shed light on the obscurity that veils the past and the future. He loved to dwell on what might have been the state of the earth before man lived on it, and how he first arose and gradually became the strange, complicated, but as he said, the glorious creature he now is. Covering the earth with their creations and forming by the power of their minds another world more lovely than the visible frame of things, even all the world that we find in their writings. A beautiful
creation, he would say, which may claim this superiority to its model, that
good and evil is more easily separated: the good rewarded in the way they
themselves desire; the evil punished as in all things evil ought to be
punished, not by pain which is revolting to all philanthropy to consider but
by quiet obscurity, which simply deprives them of their harmful qualities;
why kill the serpent when you have extracted his fangs?

The poetry of his language and ideas which my words ill convey held me
enchained to his discourses. It was a melancholy pleasure to me to listen to
his inspired words; to catch for a moment the light of his eyes; to feel a
transient sympathy and then to awaken from the delusion, again to know
that all this was nothing, — a dream — a shadow for which there was no
reality for me; my father had for ever deserted me, leaving me only
memories which set an eternal barrier between me and my fellow creatures.
I was indeed fellow to none. He — Woodville, mourned the loss of his bride:
others wept the various forms of misery as they visited them: but infamy
and guilt was mingled with my portion; unlawful and detestable passion had
poured its poison into my ears and changed all my blood, so that it was no
longer the kindly stream that supports life but a cold fountain of bitterness
corrupted in its very source. It must be the excess of madness that could
make me imagine that I could ever be aught but one alone, struck off from
humanity; bearing no affinity to man or woman; a wretch on whom Nature
had set her ban.

Sometimes Woodville talked to me of himself. He related his history brief
in happiness and woe and dwelt with passion on his and Elinor’s mutual
love. ‘She was,’ he said, ‘the brightest vision that ever came upon the earth:
there was nothing in her frank countenance, in her voice, and in every
motion of her graceful form that overpowered me, as if it were a celestial
creature that deigned to mingle with me in intercourse more sweet than
man had ever before enjoyed. Sorrow fled before her; and her smile seemed
to possess an influence like light to irradiate all mental darkness. It was not
like a human loveliness that these gentle smiles went and came; but as a
sunbeam on a lake, now light and now obscure, flitting before as you strove
to catch them, and fold them for ever to your heart. I saw this smile fade for
ever. Alas! I could never have believed that it was indeed Elinor that died if
once when I spoke she had not lifted her almost bennighted eyes, and for one
moment like nought beside on earth, more lovely than a sunbeam, slighter,
quicker than the waving plumage of a bird, dazzling as lightning and like it
giving day to night, yet mild and faint, that smile came; it went, and then
there was an end of all joy to me.’

Thus his own sorrows, or the shapes copied from nature that dwelt in his
mind with beauty greater than their own, occupied our talk while I railed
in my own griefs with cautious secrecy. If for a moment he shewed curiosity,
my eyes fell, my voice died away and my evident suffering made him quickly
endeavour to banish the ideas he had awakened; yet he for ever mingled
consolation in his talk, and tried to soften my despair by demonstrations of
deep sympathy and compassion. ‘We are both unhappy — he would say to
me; I have told you my melancholy tale and we have wept together the
loss of that lovely spirit that has so cruelly deserted me; but you hide your griefs:
I do not ask you to disclose them, but tell me if I may not console you. It
seems to me a wild adventure to find in this desert one like you once solitary:
you are young and lovely; your manners are refined and attractive;
yet there is in your settled melancholy, and something, I know not what, in
your expressive eyes, that seems to separate you from your kind: you
shudder; pardon me, I entreat you but I cannot help expressing this once at
least the lively interest I feel in your destiny.

‘You never smile: your voice is low, and you utter your words as if you
were afraid of the slight sound they would produce: the expression of awful
and intense sorrow never for a moment fades from your countenance. I have
lost for ever the loveliest companion that any man could ever have pos-
sessed, one who rather appears to have been a superior spirit who by some
strange accident wandered among us earthly creatures, than as belonging to
our kind. Yet I smile, and sometimes I speak almost forgetful of the change I
have endured. But your sad mien never alters; your pulses beat and you
breathe, yet you seem already to belong to another world; and sometimes,
pray pardon my wild thoughts, when you touch my hand I am surprised to
find your hand warm when all the fire seems extinct within you.

‘When I look upon you, the tears you shed, the soft deprecating look
with which you withstand enquiry; the deep sympathy your voice expresses
when I speak of my lesser sorrows add to my interest for you. You stand
here shelterless. You have cast yourself from among us and you wither on
this wild plain forlorn and helpless: some dreadful calamity must have
befallen you. Do not turn from me; I do not ask you to reveal it: I only
entreat you to listen to me and to become familiar with the voice of
consolation and kindness. If pity, and admiration, and gentle affection can
wean you from despair let me attempt the task. I cannot see your look of
deep grief without endeavouring to restore you to happier feelings. Unbind
your brow; relax the stern melancholy of your regard; permit a friend, a
sincere, affectionate friend, I will be one, to convey some relief, some
momentary pause to your sufferings.

‘Do not think that I would intrude upon your confidence: I only ask your
patience. Do not for ever look sorrow and never speak it; utter one word of
bitter complaint and I will reprove it with gentle exhortation and pour on
you the balm of compassion. You must not shut me from all communion
with you; do not tell me why you grieve but only say the words, I am
unhappy,’ and you will feel relieved as if for some time excluded from all
intercourse by some magic spell you should suddenly enter again the pale of
human sympathy. I entreat you to believe in my most sincere professions
and to treat me as an old and tried friend: promise me never to forget me,
never causelessly to banish me; but try to love me as one who would devote
all his energies to make you happy. Give me the name of friend; I will fulfill
its duties; and if for a moment complaint and sorrow would shape themselves into words let me be near to speak peace to your vexed soul."

I repeat his persuasions in faint terms and cannot give you at the same time the tone and gesture that animated them. Like a refreshing shower on an arid soil they revived me, and although I still kept their cause secret he led me to pour forth my bitter complaints and to clothe my woes in words of gall and fire. With all the energy of desperate grief I told him how I had fallen at once from bliss to misery; how that for me there was no joy, no hope; that death however bitter would be the welcome seal to all my pangs; death the skeleton was to be beautiful as love. I know not why but I found it sweet to utter these words to human ears; and though I derided all consolation yet I was pleased to see it offered me with gentleness and kindness. I listened quietly, and when he paused would again pour out my misery in expressions that showed how far too deep my wounds were for any cure.

But now also I began to reap the fruits of my perfect solitude. I had become unfit for any intercourse, even with Woodville the most gentle and sympathizing creature that existed. I had become captious and unreasonable, my temper was utterly spoilt. I called him my friend but I viewed all he did with jealous eyes. If he did not visit me at the appointed hour I was angry, very angry, and told him that if indeed he did feel interest in me it was cold, and could not be fitted for me, a poor worn creature, whose deep unhappiness demanded much more than his worldly heart could give. When for a moment I imagined that his manner was cold I would fretfully say to him — 'I was at peace before you came; why have you disturbed me? You have given me new wants and now your trifles with me as if my heart were as whole as yours, as if I were not in truth a shorn lamb thrust out on the bleak hill side, tortured by every blast. I wished for no friend, no sympathy. I avoided you, you know I did, but you forced yourself upon me and gave me those wants which you see with triumph give you power over me. Oh the brave power of the bitter north wind which freezes the tears it has caused to shed! But I will not bear this; go: the sun will rise and set as before you came, and I shall sit among the pines or wander on the heath weeping and complaining without wishing for you to listen. You are cruel, very cruel, to treat me who bleed at every pore in this rough manner.'

And then, when in answer to my peevish words, I saw his countenance bent with living pity on me, when I saw him

Gli occhi drizzo ver me con quel sembiante
Che madre fa sopra figlioul deliro — Paradiso. C. 40

I wept and said, 'Oh, pardon me! You are good and kind but I am not fit for life. Why am I obliged to live? To drag hour after hour, to see the trees wave their branches restlessly, to feel the air, and to suffer in all I feel keenest agony. My frame is strong, but my soul sinks beneath this endurance of living anguish. Death is the goal that I would attain, but, alas! I do not even see the end of the course. Do you, my compassionate friend, tell me how to die peacefully and innocently and I will bless you: all that I, poor wretch, can desire is a painless death.'

But Woodville's words had magic in them, when beginning with the sweetest pity, he would raise me by degrees out of myself and my sorrows until I wondered at my own selfishness: but he left me and despaired returned, the work of consolation was ever to begin anew. I often desired his entire absence; for I found that I was grown out of the ways of life and that by long seclusion, although I could support my accustomed grief, and drink the bitter daily draught with some degree of patience, yet I had become unfit for the slightest novelty of feeling. Expectation, and hopes, and affection were all too much for me. I knew this, but at other times I was unreasonable and laid the blame upon him, who was most blameless, and peevishly thought that if his gentle soul were more gentle, if his intense sympathy were more intense, he could drive the fiend from my soul and make me more human. I am, I thought, a tragedy; a character that he comes to see: now and then he gives me my cue that I may make a speech more to his purpose: perhaps he is already planning a poem in which I am to figure. I am a farce and play to him, but to me this is all dreary reality: he takes all the profit and I bear all the burthen.

CHAPTER XI

It is a strange circumstance but it often occurs that blessings by their use turn to curses; and that I who in solitude had desired sympathy as the only relief I could enjoy should now find it an additional torture to me. During my father's life time I had always been of an affectionate and forbearing disposition, but since those days of joy alas! I was much changed. I had become arrogant, peevish, and above all suspicious. Although the real interest of my narration is now ended and I sought quickly to wind up its melancholy catastrophe, yet I will relate one instance of my sad suspicion and despair and how Woodville with the goodness and almost the power of an angel, softened my rugged feelings and led me back to gentleness.

He had promised to spend some hours with me one afternoon but a violent and continual rain prevented him. I was alone the whole evening. I had passed two whole years alone unreaping, but now I was miserable. He could not really care for me, I thought, for if he did the storm would rather have made him come even if I had not expected him, than, as it did, prevent a promised visit. He would well know that this dreary sky and gloomy rain
would load my spirit almost to madness: if the weather had been fine I should not have regretted his absence as heavily as I necessarily must shut up in this miserable cottage with no companions but my own wretched thoughts. If he were truly my friend he would have calculated all this; and let me now calculate this boasted friendship, and discover its real worth. He got over his grief for Elinor, and the country became dull to him, so he was glad to find even me for amusement; and when he does not know what else to do he passes his lazy hours here, and calls this friendship — It is true that his presence is a consolation to me, and that his words are sweet, and, when he will he can pour forth thoughts that win me from despair. His words are sweet, — and so, truly, is the honey of the bee, but the bee has a sting, and unkindness is a worse smart that that received from an insect's venom. I will put him to the proof. He says all hope is dead to him, and I know that it is dead to me, so we are both equally fitted for death. Let me try if he will die with me; and as I fear to die alone, if he will accompany to cheer me, and thus he can shew himself my friend in the only manner my misery will permit.

It was madness I believe, but I so worked myself up to this idea that I could think of nothing else. If he dies with me it is well, and there will be an end of two miserable beings; and if he will not, then will I scoff at his friendship and drink the poison before him to shame his cowardice. I planned the whole scene with an earnest heart and frantically set my soul on this project. I procured Laudanum and placing it in two glasses on the table, filled my room with flowers and decorated the last scene of my tragedy with the nicest care. As the hour for his coming approached my heart softened and I wept; not that I gave up my plan, but even when resolved the mind must undergo several revolitions of feeling before it can drink its death.

Now all was ready and Woodville came. I received him at the door of my cottage and leading him solemnly into the room, I said: 'My friend, I wish to die. I am quite weary of enduring the misery which hourly I do endure, and I will throw it off. What slave will not, if he may, escape from his chains? Look, I weep: for more than two years I have never enjoyed one moment free from anguish. I have often desired to die; but I am a very coward. It is hard for one so young who was once so happy as I was[41] voluntarily to divest themselves of all sensation and to go alone to the dreary grave; I dare not. I must die, yet my fear chills me; I pause and shudder and then for months I endure my excess of wretchedness. But now the time is come when I may quit life, I have a friend who will not refuse to accompany me in this dark journey; such is my request: earnestly do I entreat and implore you to die with me. Then we shall find Elinor and what I have lost. Look, I am prepared; there is the death draught, let us drink it together and willingly and joyfully quit this hated round of daily life.

'You turn from me; yet before you deny me reflect, Woodville, how sweet it were to cast off the load of tears and misery under which we now labour: and surely we shall find light after we have passed the dark valley.

That drink will plunge us in a sweet slumber, and when we awaken what joy will be ours to find all our sorrows and fears past. A little patience, and all will be over; aye, a very little patience; for, look, there is the key of our prison, we hold it in our own hands, and are we more debased than slaves to cast it away and give ourselves up to voluntary bondage? Even now if we had courage we might be free. Behold, my cheek is flushed with pleasure at the imagination of death; all that we love are dead. Come, give me your hand, one look of joyous sympathy and we will go together and seek them; a lulling journey; where our arrival will bring bliss and our waking be that of angels. Do you delay? Are you a coward, Woodville? Oh fie! Cast off this blank look of human melancholy. Oh! that I had words to express the mortals of death that I might win you. I tell you we are no longer miserable spirits; we are about to become Gods; spirits free and happy as gods. What fool on a bleak shore, seeing a flowery isle on the other side with his lost love beckoning to him from it would pause because the wave is dark and turbid?

'What if some little pane the passage have
That makes frail flesh to fear the bitter wave?
Is not short pain well borne that brings long ease,
And lays the soul to sleep in quiet grave?'

'Do you mark my words; I have learned the language of despair: I have it all by heart, for I am Despair; and a strange being am I, joyous, triumphant Despair. But those words are false, for the wave may be dark but it is not bitter. We lie down, and close our eyes with a gentle good night, and when we wake, we are free. Come then, no more delay, thou tardy one! Behold the pleasant potion! Look, I am a spirit of good, and not a human maid that invites thee, and with winning accents, (oh, that they would win thee!) says, Come and drink.'

As I spoke I fixed my eyes upon his countenance, and his exquisite beauty, the heavenly compassion that beamed from his eyes, his gentle yet earnest look of deprecation and wonder even before he spoke wrought a change in my high strained feelings taking from me all the sternness of despair and filling me only with the softest grief. I saw his eyes humed also as he took both my hands in his; and sitting down near me, he said:

'This is a sad deed to which you would lead me, dearest friend, and your woe must indeed be deep that could fill you with these unhappy thoughts. You long for death and yet you fear it and wish me to be your companion. But I have less courage than you and even thus accompanied I dare not die. Listen to me, and then reflect if you ought to win me to your project, even if with the overbearing eloquence of despair you could make black death so inviting that the fair heaven should appear darkness. Listen I entreat you to

*Spencer's Faery Queen Book I – Canto 9.*
the words of one who has himself nurtured desperate thoughts, and longed
with impatient desire for death, but who has at length trampled the
phantom under foot, and crushed his sting. Come, as you have played
Despair with me I will play the part of Una with you and bring you hurtless
from his dark cavern. Listen to me, and let yourself be softened by words in
which no selfish passion lingers.

‘We know not what all this wide world means; its strange mixture of
good and evil. But we have been placed here and bid live and hope. I know
not what we are to hope; but there is some good beyond us that we must
seek; and that is our earthly task. If misfortune come against us we must
fight with her; we must cast her aside, and still go on to find out that which
it is our nature to desire. Whether this prospect of future good be the
preparation for another existence I know not; or whether that it is merely
that we, as workmen in God's vineyard, must lend a hand to smooth the
way for our posterity. If it indeed be that; if the efforts of the virtuous now,
are to make the future inhabitants of this fair world more happy; if the labours
of those who cast aside selfishness, and try to know the truth of
things, are to free the men of ages, now far distant but which will one day
come, from the burthen under which those who now live groan, and like
you weep bitterly; if they free them but one of what are now the necessary
evils of life, truly I will not fail but will with my whole soul aid the work.
From my youth I have said, I will be virtuous; I will dedicate my life for the
good of others; I will do my best to extirpate evil and if the spirit who
protectors ill should so influence circumstances that I should suffer through
my endeavour, yet while there is hope and hope there ever must be, of
success, cheerfully I will go the way to myself to my task.

I have powers; my countrymen think well of them. Do you think I sow
my seed in the barren air, and have no end in what I do? Believe me, I will
never desert life until this last hope is torn from my bosom, that in some
way my labours may form a link in the chain of gold with which we ought
all to strive to drag Happiness from where she sits enthroned above the
clouds, now far beyond our reach, to inhabit the earth with us. Let us
suppose that Socrates, or Shakespeare, or Rousseau had been seized with
despair and died in youth when they were as young as I am; do you think
that we and all the world should not have lost incalculable improvement in
our good feelings and our happiness thro’ their destruction. I am not like
one of these; they influenced millions but if I can influence but a hundred,
but ten, but one solitary individual, so as in any way to lead him from ill to
good, that will be a joy to repay me for all my sufferings, though they were a
million times multiplied; and that hope will support me to bear them.

‘And those who do not work for posterity; or working, as may be my
case, will not be known by it; yet they, believe me, have also their duties.
You grieve because you are unhappy, it is happiness you seek but you
despair of obtaining it. But if you can bestow happiness on another; if you
can give one other person only one hour of joy ought you not live to do it?

And every one has it in their power to do that. The inhabitants of this world
suffer so much pain. In crowded cities, among cultivated plains, or on the
desert mountains, pain is thickly sown, and if we can tear up but one of
these noxious weeds, or, more, if in its stead we can sow one seed of corn, or
plant one fair flower, let that be motive sufficient against suicide. Let us not
desert our task while there is the slightest hope that we may in a future day
do this.

‘Indeed I dare not die. I have a mother whose support and hope I am.
I have a friend who loves me as his life, and in whose breast I should isfix a
mortal sting if I ungratefully left him. So I will not die. Nor shall you, my
friend; cheer up; cease to weep, I entreat you. Are you not young, and fair,
and good? Why should you despair? Or if you must for yourself, why for
others? If you can never be happy, can you never bestow happiness? Oh! I
believe me, if you beheld on lips pale with grief one smile of joy; and
gratefully, and knew that you were parent of that smile, and that without
you it had never been, you would feel so pure and warm a happiness that
you would wish to live for ever again and again to enjoy the same pleasure.

‘Come, I see that you have already cast aside the sad thoughts you before
frantically indulged. Look in that mirror, when I came your brow was
contracted, your eyes deep sunk in your head, your lips quivering; your
hands trembled violently when I took them; but now all is tranquil and soft.
You are grieved and there is grief in the expression of your countenance but
it is gentle and sweet. You allow me to throw away this cursed drink; you
smile; oh, Congratulate me, hope is triumphant, and I have done some
good.’

These words are shadowy as I repeat them but they were indeed words of
fire and produced a warm hope in me (I, miserable wretch, to hope) that
tingled like pleasure in my veins. He did not leave me for many hours; not
until he had improved the spark that he had kindled, and with an angelic
hand fostered the return of somthing that seemed like joy. He left me but I
was still calm, and after I had saluted the starry sky and dewy earth with
eyes of love and a contented good night, I slept sweetly, visited by dreams,
the first of pleasure I had had for many long months.

But this was only a momentary relief and my old habits of feeling
returned; for I was doomed while in life to grieve, and to the natural sorrow
of my father's death and its most terrific cause, imagination added a tenfold
weight of woe. I believed myself to be polluted by the unnatural love I had
inspired, and that I was a creature cursed and set apart by nature. I thought
that like another Cain, I had a mark set on my forehead to show mankind
that there was a barrier between me and them. 43 Woodville had told me
that there was in my countenance an expression as if I belonged to another
world; so he had seen that sign; and there it lay a gloomy mark to tell the
world that there was that within my soul that no silence could render
sufficiently obscure. Why when fate drove me to become this outcast from
human feeling, this monster with whom none might mingle in converse
and love; why had she not from that fatal and most accursed moment, shrouded me in thick mists and placed real darkness between me and my fellows so that I might never more be seen? and as I passed, like a murky cloud loaded with blight, they might only perceive me by the cold chill I should cast upon them; telling them, how truly, that something unholy was near? Then I should have lived upon this dreary heath unvisited, and blasting none by my unhallowed gaze. Alas! I verily believe that if the near prospect of death did not dull and soften my bitter feelings, if for a few months longer I had continued to live as I then lived, strong in body, but my soul corrupted by a deadly cancer, if day after day I had dwelt on these dreadful sentiments I should have become mad, and should have fancied myself a living pestilence: so horrible to my own solitary thoughts did this form, this voice, and all this wretched self appear; for had it not been the source of guilt that wants a name?

This was superstition. I did not feel thus frantically when first I knew that the holy name of father was become a curse to me: but my lonely life inspired me with wild thoughts; and then when I saw Woodville and day after day I tried to win my confidence and I never dared give words to my dark tale, I was impressed more strongly with the withering fear that I was in truth a marked creature, a pariah, only fit for death.

**CHAPTER XII**

As I was perpetually haunted by these ideas, you may imagine that the influence of Woodville's words was very temporary; and that although I did not again accuse him of unkindness, yet I soon became as unhappy as before. Soon after this incident we parted. He heard that his mother was ill, and he hastened to her. He came to take leave of me, and we walked together on the heath for the last time. He promised that he would come and see me again; and bade me take cheer, and to encourage what happy thoughts I could, until time and fortitude should overcome my misery, and I could again mingle in society.

"Above all other admonition on my part," he said, "cherish and follow this one: do not despair. That is the most dangerous gulph on which you perpetually totter; but you must reassure your steps, and take hope to guide you. Hope, and your wounds will be already half healed: but if you obstinately despair, there never more will be comfort for you. Believe me, my dearest friend, that there is a joy that the sun and earth and all its beauties can bestow that you will one day feel. The refreshing bliss of Love will again visit your heart, and undo the spell that binds you to woe, until you wonder how your eyes could be closed in the long night that burthens you. I dare not hope that I have inspired you with sufficient interest that the thought of me, and the affection that I shall ever bear you, will soften your melancholy and decrease the bitterness of your tears. But if my friendship can make you look on life with less disgust, beware how you injure it with suspicion. Love is a delicate sprite and easily hurt by rough jealousy. Guard, I entreat you, a firm persuasion of my sincerity in the inmost recesses of your heart out of the reach of the casual winds that may disturb its surface. Your temper is made unequal by suffering, and the tenor of your mind is, I fear, sometimes shaken by unworthy causes; but let your confidence in my sympathy and love be deeper far, and incapable of being reached by these agitations that come and go, and if they touch not your affections leave you unjuned."

These were some of Woodville's last lessons. I wept as I listened to him; and after we had taken an affectionate farewell, I followed him far with my eyes until they saw the last of my earthly comforter. I had insisted on accompanying him across the heath towards the town where he dwelt: the sun was yet high when he left me, and I turned my steps towards my cottage. It was at the latter end of the month of September when the nights have become chill. But the weather was serene, and as I walked on I fell into no unpleasing reveries. I thought of Woodville with gratitude and kindness and did not, I know not why, regret his departure with any bitterness. It seemed that after one great shock all other change was trivial to me: and I walked on wondering when the time would come when we should all four, my dearest father restored to me, meet in some sweet Paradise. I pictured to myself a lovely river such as that on whose banks Dante describes Matilda gathering flowers, which ever flows.

--- bruna, bruna,
Sotto l'ombra perpetua, che mai
Raggiar non lasciò sole ivi, né Luna.**44**

And then I repeated to myself all that lovely passage that relates the entrance of Dante into the terrestrial Paradise; and thought it would be sweet when I wandered on those lovely banks to see the car of light descend with my long lost parent to be restored to me. As I waited there in expectation of that moment, I thought how, of the lovely flowers that grew there, I would wind myself a chaplet and crown myself for joy: I would sing sul margine d'un rivo,**45** my father's favourite song, and that my voice gliding through the windless air would announce to him in whatever bower he sat expecting the moment of our union, that his daughter was come. Then the mark of misery would have faded from my brow, and I should raise my eyes fearlessly to meet his, which ever beamed with the soft lustre of innocent love. When I reflected on the magic look of those deep eyes I wept, but gently, lest my sobs should disturb the fairy scene.
I was so entirely wrapped in this reverie that I wandered on, taking no heed of my steps until I actually stooped down to gather a flower for my wreath on that bleak plain where no flower grew, when I awoke from my day dream and found myself I knew not where.

The sun had set and the roseate hue which the clouds had caught from him in his descent had nearly died away. A wind swept across the plain, I looked around me and saw no object that told me where I was; I had lost myself, and in vain attempted to find my path. I wandered on, and the coming darkness made every trace indistinct by which I might be guided. At length all was veiled in the deep obscurity of blackest night; I became weary and knowing that my servant was to sleep that night at the neighbouring village, so that my absence would alarm no one; and that I was safe in this wild spot from every intruder, I resolved to spend the night where I was. Indeed I was too weary to walk further: the air was chill but I was careless of bodily inconvenience, and I thought that I was well insured to the weather during my two years of solitude, when no change of seasons prevented my perpetual wanderings.

I lay upon the grass surrounded by a darkness which not the slightest beam of light penetrated – There was no sound for the deep night had laid to sleep the insects, the only creatures that lived on the lone spot where no tree or shrub could afford shelter to aught else – There was a wondrous silence in the air that calmed my senses yet which enlivened my soul, my mind hurried from image to image and seemed to grasp an eternity. All in my heart was shadowy yet calm, until my ideas became confused and at length died away in sleep.

When I awoke it rained.46 I was already quite wet, and my limbs were stiff and my head giddy with the chill of night. It was a drizzling, penetrating shower; as my dank hair clung to my neck and partly covered my face, I had hardly strength to part with my fingers, the long straight locks that fell before my eyes. The darkness was much dissipated and in the east where the clouds were least dense the moon was visible behind the thin grey cloud –

The moon is behind, and at the full
And yet she looks both small and dull.47

Its presence gave me a hope that by its means I might find my home. But I was languid and many hours passed before I could reach the cottage, dragging as I did my slow steps, and often resting on the wet earth unable to proceed.

I particularly mark this night, for it was that which has hurried on the last scene of my tragedy, which else might have dwindled on through long years of listless sorrow. I was very ill when I arrived and quite incapable of taking off my wet clothes that clung about me. In the morning, on her return, my servant found me almost lifeless, while possessed by a high fever I was lying on the floor of my room.

Rolled round in earth’s diurnal course
With rocks, and stones, and trees.49

‘For it will be the same with thee, who art called our Universal Mother,’ when I am gone. I have loved thee; and in my days both of happiness and sorrow I have peopled your solitudes with wild fancies of my own creation. The woods, the lakes, and mountains which I have loved, have for me a thousand associations; and thou, oh, Sun! hast smiled upon, and borne your part in many imaginations that sprung to life in my soul alone, and which will die with me. Your solitudes, sweet land, your trees and waters will still exist, moved by your winds, or still beneath the eye of noon, though what I have felt about ye, and all my dreams which have often strangely deformed thee, will die with me. You will exist to reflect other images in other minds, and ever will remain the same, although your reflected semblance vary in a thousand ways, changeable as the hearts of those who view thee. One of these fragile mirrors, that ever dotted on thine image, is about to be broken, crumbled to dust. But everteeming Nature will create another and another, and thou wilt loose nought by my destruction.

‘Thou wilt ever be the same. Receive then the grateful farewell of a
fleeting shadow who is about to disappear, who joyfully leaves thee, yet with
a last look of affectionate thankfulness. Farewell! Sky, and fields and woods;
the lovely flowers that grow on thee; thy mountains and thy rivers; to the
balmy air and the strong wind of the north, to all, a last farewell. I shall shed
no more tears for my task is almost fulfilled, and I am about to be rewarded
for long and most bountiful suffering. Bless thy child even in death, as
I bless thee; and let me sleep at peace in my quiet grave.

I feel death to be near at hand and I am calm. I no longer despair, but
look on all around me with placid affection. I find it sweet to watch the
progressive decay of my strength, and to repeat to myself, another day and
yet another, but again I shall not see the red leaves of autumn; before that
time I shall be with my father. I am glad Woodville is not with me for
perhaps he would grieve, and I desire to see smiles alone during the last
scene of my life; when I last wrote to him of my ill health but not of its
mortal tendency, lest he should conceive it to be his duty to come to me for
I fear lest the tears of friendship should destroy the blessed calm of my
mind; I take pleasure in arranging all the little details which will occur when
I shall no longer be. In truth I am in love with death; no maiden ever took
more pleasure in the contemplation of her bridal attire than I in fancying
my limbs already wrapped in their shroud: is it not my marriage dress? Alone
it will unite me to my father when in an eternal mental union we shall never
part.

I will not dwell on the last changes that I feel in the final decay of nature.
It is rapid but without pain. I feel a strange pleasure in it. For long years
these are the first days of peace that have visited me. I no longer exhaust my
miserable heart by bitter tears and frantic complaints; I no longer
reproach the sun, the earth, the air, for pain and wretchedness. I wait in quiet
expectation for the closing hours of a life which has been to me most sweet
and bitter. I do not die not having enjoyed life; for sixteen years I was
happy; during the first months of my father's return I had enjoyed ages of
pleasure: now indeed I am grown old in grief; my steps are feeble like those
of age; I have become peevish and unlit for life; so having passed little more
than twenty years upon the earth I am more fit for my narrow grave than
many are when they reach the natural term of their lives.

Again and again I have passed over in my remembrance the different
scenes of my short life; if the world is a stage and I merely an actor on it my
part has been strange, and, alas! tragic. Almost from infancy I was deprived
of all the testimonies of affection which children generally receive; I was
thrown entirely upon my own resources, and I enjoyed what I may almost
call unnatural pleasures, for they were dreams and not realities. The earth
was to me a magic lantern and I a gazer, and a listener but no actor; but then
came the transporting and soul-reviving era of my existence: my father
returned and I could pour my warm affections on a human heart; there was
a new sun and a new earth created to me; the waters of existence sparkled:
joy! joy! but, alas! what grief! My bliss was more rapid than the progress of a
sunbeam on a mountain, which discloses its glades and woods, and then
leaves it dark and blank; to my happiness followed madness and agony,
closed by despair.

This was the drama of my life which I have now depicted upon paper.
During these months I have been employed in this task. The memory of
sorrow has brought tears; the memory of happiness a warm glow to the lively
shadow of that joy. Now my tears are dried; the glow has faded from my
cheeks, and with a few words of farewell to you, Woodville, I close my
work: the last that I shall perform.

Farewell, my only living friend; you are the sole tie that binds me to
existence, and now I break it. It gives me no pain to leave you; nor can our
separation give you much. You never regarded me as one of this world, but
rather as a being, who for some pittance was sent from the Kingdom of
Shadows; and she passed a few days weeping on the earth and longing to
return to her native soil. You will weep but they will be tears of gentleness.
I would, if I thought that it would lessen your regret, tell you to smile and
congratulate me on my departure from the misery you beheld me endure. I
would say; Woodville, rejoice with your friend, I triumph now and am most
happy. But I check these expressions; these may not be the consolations of
the living; they weep for their own misery, and not for that of the being
they have lost. No; shed a few natural tears due to my memory: and if you
ever visit my grave, pluck from thence a flower, and lay it to your heart; for
your heart is the only tomb in which my memory will be interred.

My death is rapidly approaching and you are not near to watch the
flitting and vanishing of my spirit. Do not regret this; for death is too
terrible an object for the living. It is one of those adversities which hurt
instead of purifying the heart; for it is so intense a misery that it hardens
and dulls the feelings. Dreadful as the time was when I pursued my father
towards the ocean, and found there only his lifeless corpse; yet for my own
sake I should prefer that to the watching one by one his senses fade; his
pulse weaken - and sleeplessly as it were devour his life in gazig. To see life
in his limbs and to know that soon life would no longer be there; to see the
warm breath issue from his lips and to know they would soon be chill - I
will not continue to trace this frightful picture; you suffered this torture
once; I never did. And the remembrance fills your heart sometimes with
bitter despair when otherwise your feelings would have melted into soft
sorrow.

So day by day I become weaker, and life flickers in my wasting form, as a
lamp about to lose its vivifying oil. I now behold the glad sun of May. It was
May, four years ago, that I first saw my beloved father; it was in March, three
years ago that my folly destroyed the only being I was doomed to love. May
is returned, and I die. Three days ago, the anniversary of our meeting; and,
 alas! of our eternal separation, after a day of killing emotion, I caused myself
to be led once more to behold the face of nature. I caused myself to be
 carried to some meadows some miles distant from my cottage; the grass was
being mowed, and there was the scent of hay in the fields; all the earth
looked fresh and its inhabitants happy. Evening approached and I beheld the
sun set. Three years ago and on that day and hour it shone through the
branches and leaves of the beech wood and its beams flickered upon the
countenance of him whom I then beheld for the last time. I now saw that
divine orb, gilding all the clouds with unwonted splendour, sink behind the
horizon; it disappeared from a world where he whom I would seek exists
not; it approached a world where he exists not. Why do I weep so bitterly?
Why does my heart heave with vain endeavour to cast aside the bitter
anguish that covers it ‘as the waters cover the sea’.51 I go from this world
where he is no longer and soon I shall meet him in another.

Farewell, Woodville, the turf will soon be green on my grave; and the
violets will bloom on it. There is my hope and my expectation; yours are in
this world; may they be fulfilled.
Notes

50 Julius Caesar, III ii 82.
52 This is legally irrelevant; though a husband could be granted a divorce on the grounds of his wife’s adultery, a wife could only divorce on the grounds of incest, bigamy, impotence, or physically dangerous cruelty.
53 Guardianship of children could only be removed from the father in very exceptional circumstances.
54 Ecclesiastical courts could grant divorce from bed and board, a legal separation which provided the wife with alimony, but prohibited remarriage.

NOTES TO MATILDA

1 In Sophocles’s Oedipus at Colonus, the three Furies or Eumenides inhabit a grove which the remorseful and blinded Oedipus must enter.
2 Wordsworth, ‘She Dwelt Among the Untrodden Ways’, Lyrical Ballads (1800).
3 Dante, Purgatorio, canto 28, line 42. Entering the garden of Eden, Dante paused at a stream and looked over at a lady (Matelda) who was singing and picking flowers ‘with which her whole path was painted’. The original quotation has ‘sua via’.
4 Livy (d. AD 17), author of a history of the Roman Empire; Charles Rollin, author of The Ancient History of the Egyptians, Carthaginians, Assyrians (1730–38).
5 Characters from Shakespeare’s As You Like It and The Tempest, and from Milton’s Comus.
6 According to the Scottish National Dictionary (Edinburgh, 1968) ‘rachan’ is a Scots word for a plaid or wrap, traditionally worn by shepherds.
7 The Seven Sleepers of Ephesus, early Christians who slept in a cave for several centuries, initially to avoid the persecutions of Decius. Illusion; or the Trances of Nourjahad, play by Samuel James Arnold, briefly attributed to Byron and performed in London in November 1813. It was based on Frances Sheridan’s novel, The History of Nourjahad (1767) in which Nourjahad is tricked into believing he periodically sleeps through many decades.
8 In Apuleius, the nymph Psyche lived in an enchanted palace but left it for various uncomfortable places in search of Cupid or through the will of Venus. She later tried to commit suicide by throwing herself into a river.
9 Proserpine, daughter of Ceres, lived in the plains of Enna in Sicily from which she was abducted by Pluto to become queen of the underworld.
10 Act 1, scene 3, lines 237–40 of The Captain, a comedy by Beaumont and Fletcher. Later in the play Lelia tries to seduce her father, whom she does not recognize after a long absence but, when she learns his identity, she still desires him.
11 I. Samuel 23: ‘And it came to pass, when the evil spirit from God was upon Saul, that David took an harp, and played with his hand: so Saul was refreshed, and was well, and the evil spirit departed from him.’
13 According to Mitchie, Mary Shelley wrote ‘Lord B’s Chk Harold’ in the margin
of 'The Fields of Fancy' after this phrase. The reference is to 'Child Harold', IV, 71–2 where Byron compares an iris by the cataract to 'Hope upon a death-bed' and 'Love watching Madness with unalterable mien'.

14 Nichie text reads 'days that he intended'.

15 Spencer, Faerie Queene, Book II, vii, where Mammon leads Sir Guyon down to his house adjoining the gate of Hell to urge him to accept riches.

16 Nichie text reads 'to me to me, and . . .'

17 Nichie text reads 'one thing which although . . .'

18 Nichie text reads 'upon him it . . .'

19 Nichie text reads 'closed as his . . .'

20 Nichie text reads 'At [As] first . . .'

21 A reference to Boccaccio's Decameron 4th day, 1st story, in which Ghismonda sheds tears over the golden goblet containing the heart of Guiscardo. Mary Shelley had been reading the Decameron earlier in the year. She changes 'Ghismonda' to 'Sigismunda', the name in Dryden's Fables, a work to which Wollstonecraft refers in Maria.

22 Dante, Paradiso, 'E quasi mi perdei con gli occhi chini': Beatrice looked at him with eyes so full of divine love that he turned away 'and almost lost myself, with downcast eyes'.

23 The beautiful Anchises was loved by Venus who bore him a son Aeneas, founder of Rome. In the 6th book of the Aeneid Anchises is in the Elysian fields with his son.

24 Nichie text reads 'returned; with my terror . . .'

25 Aegean island, one of the Cyclades, famous for its grotto full of stalactites and stalagmites.

26 Hot, dry, sandy wind of African and Asian deserts.

27 Job 17: 15–16.

28 Coleridge, 'Fire, Famine and Slaughter', lines 17–18, Famine says 'Whisper it, sister! so & so! In a dark hint, soft & slow.'

29 Constance, Prince Arthur's mother in Shakespeare's King John, spends most of the play grieving.

30 A possible reference to Coleridge's 'The Rime of the Ancient Mariner', Part IV, II, 284–5, where the Mariner, watching the water snakes, felt 'a spring of love' and 'blessed them unwares', so releasing the burden of the albatross from his neck.

31 Nichie text reads 'what were the . . .'

32 Wordsworth's 'The Complaint of a Forsaken Indian Woman' in Lyrical Ballads (1798).

33 cf. Prometheus Unbound I, 48 'the wingless, crawling hours'.

34 Erasmus Darwin (1731–1802), physician, botanist and poet, was famous for his long scientific poem, The Botanic Garden, much ridiculed for the incongruity of its language and subject matter.

35 The description is closer to the effect of Byron's poetry than to that of Shelley which was not popular in his lifetime.

36 Nichie text reads 'desolate health —'